

Country-Level Data for Bolivia country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-BOL_D_2.1

OUTCOME BOL_D_2.1 [XM-DAC-41146-BOL_D_2.1](#)

Women, boys, girls and young people, giving special attention to the native indigenous rural population, Afro-descendants and the population facing human mobility, fully exercise their rights as economic agents for the inclusive development of the country

OUTCOME DETAILS

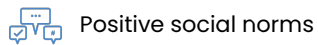
SDG alignment



Impact areas



Organizational outputs



Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

Outcome Description

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

WHO

UN System Function

Capacity development and technical assistance

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$3.21 M

Planned Budget

\$0.00

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : **2023-2027**

OUTCOME BOL_D_2.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women, boys, girls and young people, giving special attention to the native indigenous rural population, Afro-descendants and the population facing human mobility, fully exercise their rights as economic agents for the inclusive development of the country	SP_D_0.3.2 Number of institutions putting in places policies and practices to address gender-based discrimination and/or combat gender stereotypes (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	-	3
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Milestone)	3	-
		2026 (Milestone)	3	-
		2027 (Target)	-	-

- Complementary Indicator :

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT BOL_D_2.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Public policies are proposed at the national and subnational levels, including the comprehensive national care system, based on co-responsibility that contribute to recognizing, redistributing and reducing care work, with an emphasis on rural, indigenous and low-income women.	BOL_D_2.1.1A Number of policy proposals, regulatory changes, programs, strategies and evidence-based tools, developed through participatory processes and presented to promote gender and generational equality related to the economic, financial and labor spheres, and co-responsibility for care.	2023 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	1	4
		2024 (Milestone)	1	-
		2025 (Milestone)	1	-
		2026 (Milestone)	1	-
		2027 (Target)	1	-

Planned Budget:

\$586.50 K

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$586.50 K



Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.f	2022 (Baseline)	4	N/A
Number of institutions that have increased capacities to design and implement institutional reforms/strategies/policies that promote gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2023 (Milestone)	6	4
	2024 (Milestone)	9	-
	2025 (Milestone)	3	-
	2026 (Milestone)	2	-
	2027 (Target)	4	-

OUTPUT BOL_D_2.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women, empowered in their rights, participate in decision-making spaces in the private sector, lead companies and enterprises that generate secure and sustainable income, with the capacity to access decent work on equal terms as men.	SP_D_0.1.e	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2023 (Milestone)	10	1
		2024 (Milestone)	90	-
		2025 (Milestone)	90	-
		2026 (Milestone)	90	-
		2027 (Target)	10	-

Planned Budget:
\$4.41 M



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$0.00

Shortfall: \$4.41 M

**INDICATOR STATEMENT****YEAR****BMTS****REPORTED RESULT**

Expenses:
\$0.00

SP_D_0.4.a

2022 (Baseline)

13

N/A

Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)

2023 (Milestone)

4

32

2024 (Milestone)

7

-

2025 (Milestone)

6

-

2026 (Milestone)

6

-

2027 (Target)

4

-

OUTPUT BOL_D_2.1.3**OUTCOME STATEMENT****INDICATOR STATEMENT****YEAR****BMTS****REPORTED RESULT**

Women, with emphasis on rural and indigenous women, and their organizations have strengthened capacity to mitigate and adapt to the effects of climate change.

SP_D_0.1.h

2022 (Baseline)

0

N/A

Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)

2023 (Milestone)

1

1

2024 (Milestone)

1

-

2025 (Milestone)

1

-

2026 (Milestone)

1

-

2027 (Target)

1

-

Planned Budget:
\$1.90 M



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$0.00

Shortfall: \$1.90 M



Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.5.c	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of dialogues, mechanisms, platforms and/or coalitions created and sustained that enable meaningful and safe participation and engagement by gender equality advocates and civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, in decision-making (CO, RO, HQ)	2023 (Milestone)	1	2
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Milestone)	1	-
	2026 (Milestone)	1	-
	2027 (Target)	1	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2023**

Women, boys, girls and young people, giving special attention to the native indigenous rural population, Afro-descendants and the population facing human mobility, fully exercise their rights as economic agents for the inclusive development of the country

Significant progress has been made to generating the conditions for women and girls to fully exercise their economic rights, through various strategies. UNW´s support on evidence-based advocacy for financial inclusion of women, the care economy, the importance of private sector as a main actor to reach equality, and the inclusion of the gender perspective in the climate change analysis have resulted in more decision-making institutions in the financial sector, the private sector, and the public sector to be more aware of the importance of including women´s perspective and the barriers that women confront to reach the same opportunities of men with an intersectional analysis taking into considerations the multiple factors that increase those barriers. As a result, these institutions are now proactively designing policies and programmes that beneficiate women including rural and indigenous women under that analysis. Furthermore, supporting the efforts to demolish one of the main pillars of subordination of women such as the unequal distribution of care work has been vital for its recognition in the public agenda as a main structural barrier that prevents women from accessing the full exercise of their rights as they still carry double the time than men in care and domestic activities at the expense of their right to education, decent work and self-care. The shift in perceptions and capacities of government officials on care issues can be attributed to UNW´s continuous support to activist organizations and platforms across the country and to the government in understanding the opportunity for economic growth and social justice, where the care work is recognized, reduced, and redistributed among

families, public sector, private sector, and the market. Additionally, communication strategies to deconstruct the gender stereotypes in care labor were developed through messages and data in social media. Finally, a pivotal strategy on climate change from a gender perspective has been developed through the technical assistance to the APMT to accomplish the international commitments to include more women especially indigenous and rural women in decision-making spaces about climate change actions.