

# Country-Level Data for Ecuador country Outcome

## XM-DAC-41146-ECU\_D\_1.1

OUTCOME ECU\_D\_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-ECU\\_D\\_1.1](#)

In 2026, the State and society have reduced socioeconomic inequalities and have promoted sustainable productive transformation with added value, the generation of livelihoods and decent work, guaranteeing equal rights and opportunities, and access for women and men to resources (UNSDCF Outcome 3)

### OUTCOME DETAILS

#### SDG alignment



#### Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

#### Organizational outputs



Financing for gender equality



Access to services, goods and resources

#### Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

#### Humanitarian Scope

#### Outcome Description

To contribute to this Outcome, E CO has planned interventions that focuses on four intermediate outputs: Output 1.1. Increased recognition, redistribution and reduction of unpaid care and domestic work; Output 1.2. More women gain improved access and can exercise their economic and labour rights; Output 1.3. Increased fiscal resources and public and private financing aimed at reducing gender gaps, empowering women and increasing social investment with emphasis on the care systems; Output 1.4. More women have access to livelihoods and productive resources, within the framework of the sustainable production and consumption process and adaptation to climate change.

#### UN Partners

UNICEF

No

**UN System Function**

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

## RESOURCES

**\$1.38 M**

Planned Budget

**\$0.00**

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

## OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : **2023-2026**

### OUTCOME ECU\_D\_1.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

#### OUTCOME STATEMENT

#### INDICATOR STATEMENT

#### YEAR

#### BMTS

#### REPORTED RESULT

In 2026, the State and society have reduced socioeconomic inequalities and have promoted sustainable productive transformation with added value, the generation of livelihoods and decent work, guaranteeing equal rights and opportunities, and access for women and men to resources (UNSDCF Outcome 3)

Adequate employment rate (disaggregated by women-men, age, rural-urban) (UNSDCF I.3.4.2 indicator)

2021 (Baseline)

27.4

N/A

2023 (Milestone)

27.4

27.4

2024 (Milestone)

27.4

-

2025 (Milestone)

27.4

-

2026 (Target)

28.3

-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of individuals covered by any of the contributory public social security schemes, disaggregated by sex. disaggregated by men-women, age, urban-rural. (UNSDCF 1.3.4.2 indicator)	2021 (Baseline)	32.42	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	32.42	32.42
	2024 (Milestone)	32.42	-
	2025 (Milestone)	32.42	-
	2026 (Target)	36	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of national budget allocated to gender equality and women's empowerment out of total budget (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	1.9	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	2.4
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Milestone)	2	-
	2026 (Target)	2.5	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods and/resources, including social protection (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UNCTs that conducted the comprehensive UNCT-SWAP Gender Equality Scorecard in the past four years, and met or exceeded requirements for at least 60% of UNCT-SWAP standards (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.15) (Desk Review)	2022 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UN Sustainable Development Cooperation Frameworks that have: a) a dedicated gender equality outcome; and/or b) that mainstream gender equality perspectives across Cooperation Framework outcomes (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.16) (Desk Review)	2022 (Baseline)	100	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	100	-
	2024 (Milestone)	100	-
	2025 (Milestone)	100	-
	2026 (Target)	100	-



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of HCT response plans and strategies that demonstrate the integration of gender equality (Desk Review)	2021 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

## OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

### OUTPUT ECU\_D\_1.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Higher levels of social recognition of the value of care work, and fairer redistribution and reduction of unpaid care work assumed by women.  Planned Budget: <b>\$1.24 M</b>	Number of interventions/proposals presented by women in political decision making spaces.	2017 (Baseline)	1	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	0	481
		2024 (Milestone)	0	-
		2025 (Milestone)	2500	-
		2026 (Target)	2500	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$149.70 K**

Shortfall: \$1.09 M

Expenses:  
**\$159.79 K**

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with national gender equality profiles developed and published with UN Women support and informing national priorities (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	No	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	No	-
	2025 (Milestone)	No	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

**OUTPUT ECU\_D\_1.1.2**

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Ecuadorian women have greater access to and exercise of economic and labor rights.  Planned Budget: <b>\$941.89 K</b>	Number of instruments developed and improved to monitor budget allocations and to track expenditures from a gender perspective	2014 (Baseline)	1	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	19	19
		2024 (Milestone)	19	-
		2025 (Milestone)	19	-
		2026 (Target)	15	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$23.71 K**

Shortfall: \$918.18 K



Expenses:  
**\$14.65 K**



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national partners with improved capacity to monitor budget allocations and gender statistics	2014 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	1	37
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Milestone)	1	-
	2026 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	25	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	25	7
	2024 (Milestone)	25	-
	2025 (Milestone)	25	-
	2026 (Target)	30	-

### OUTPUT ECU\_D\_1.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Increased fiscal resources and public and private financing aimed at reducing gender gaps, empowering women and increasing social investment with emphasis on the care systems.  Planned Budget: <b>\$253.00 K</b>	Number of proposed fiscal, green finance, gender and SDG instruments and mechanisms, and inclusive policy and financial instruments that enable the mobilization of resources for sectors and populations in greatest need. (UNSDCF 3.1.1 indicator)	2023 (Baseline)	2	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	0	0
		2024 (Milestone)	0	-
		2025 (Milestone)	1	-
		2026 (Target)	1	-



Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$18.00 K**

Shortfall: \$235.00 K



Expenses:  
**\$16.97 K**



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of mechanisms, methodologies and information systems strengthened to improve the allocation and monitoring of public resources with a focus on rights, gender and sustainability. (UNSDCF 3.1.4 indicator)	2023 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	1	1
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Milestone)	1	-
	2026 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of proposals for standards and public policy instruments and private sector initiatives supported by the UNS for the generation of decent and inclusive work, labor formality, ethical and fair hiring, which reduce gender gaps. (UNSDCF 3.4.1 indicator)	2023 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	2
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Milestone)	2	-
	2026 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of tools introduced that support innovative financing and accountability, including related to digital financing, for gender equality (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	3	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Milestone)	1	-
	2026 (Target)	1	-

#### OUTPUT ECU\_D\_1.1.4

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
More women have access to livelihoods and productive resources, within the framework of the sustainable production and consumption process and adaptation to climate change	Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	4	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	1	14
		2024 (Milestone)	1	-
		2025 (Milestone)	1	-
		2026 (Target)	1	-

Planned Budget:  
**\$1.67 M**

Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$0.00**

Shortfall: \$1.67 M



Expenses:



\$0.00

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2023

**In 2026, the State and society have reduced socioeconomic inequalities and have promoted sustainable productive transformation with added value, the generation of livelihoods and decent work, guaranteeing equal rights and opportunities, and access for women and men to resources (UNSDCF Outcome 3)**

In 2023, significant progress was made within the Ecuadorian legal framework to strengthen the economic empowerment of women. The Care Act and the Equal Pay Act were approved by the National Assembly, addressing structural barriers that limit women's participation in the economy, such as care work and the gender pay gap. On one hand, the Care Act provides protection for workers with caregiving responsibilities, establishes the foundations of the care system, and defines the rights of caregivers and care recipients. The law's scope encompasses rights related to parental leave and the foundational principles of care system coordination. On the other hand, the Equal Pay Act aims to ensure equal pay and any other economic retribution for the performance of the same work. The law includes four actions for its implementation: training, changes in organizational culture, annual reports on actions taken, and a compliance certification. Additionally, the Regulation of the Organic Law to promote the Purple Economy was approved. The regulation includes the enactment of an equality plan within organizations, prevention of harassment and violence in the workplace, and the "Purple Seal" certification for companies that excel in complying with the law. UN Women, through its work with the National Assembly and its Parliamentary Group for Women's Rights, as well as with the Ministry of Labor, provided technical assistance and inputs for the development of these legal frameworks and the generation of instruments for their application. Notable among them is the course on preventing harassment and violence in the workplace, incorporated into the Ministry of Labor's learning platform, and the Business Guide for diverse and inclusive change. Actions to prevent and address workplace harassment and violence were developed by UN Women in partnership with the British Ecuadorian Chamber of Commerce. Regarding the promotion of women-led entrepreneurship, UN Women strengthened 481 women in mobility and rural women with training in business management and seed capital for the establishment of savings groups and the strengthening of their businesses. Additionally, the "Creadoras" e-commerce platform, an adaptation of UN Women's Buy from Women initiative, was launched online. The platform aims to be a space for product commercialization as well as providing training for entrepreneurs.