



# Country-Level Data for Georgia country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-GEO\_D\_3.1

OUTCOME GEO\_D\_3.1

XM-DAC-41146-GEO\_D\_3.1

By 2025, all people in Georgia have equitable and inclusive access to quality, resilient and gender-sensitive services delivered in accordance with international human rights standards (UNSDCF Outcome 2)

#### **OUTCOME DETAILS**

#### **SDG** alignment





#### **Impact areas**



Ending violence against women

#### **Organizational outputs**



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Positive social norms



Access to services, goods and resources



Women's voice, leadership and agency

#### **Outcome Description**

This result statement is identical to UNSDCF Outcome 2 and contributes UN Women SP 2018-2021 Outcome 4: All women and girls live a life free from all forms of violence and SP 2022-2025 Impact 3: Ending Violence against Women and Girls (EVAWG)

#### **UN Partners**

**UNAIDS** 



**UNDP** 



UNFPA

UNICEF



Gender statistics



UN system coordination

## **Policy Marker**

GENDER EQUALITY

## **Humanitarian Scope**

No

## **UN System Function**

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization
Capacity development and technical assistance
Direct support and service delivery
Integrated policy advice and thought leadership
Support functions

\$1.41 M

Planned Budget

\$1.38 M

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

**EXPENSES** 



## **Funding Partners**

Regular resources (Core):

WOMEN

UN Women \$50,000

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:

MPTF

Multi-Partner Trust Fund Office \$517,270

European Commission \$815,922

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE) \$1,333,192

OUTCOME GEO\_D\_3.1

			B - Baseline	M - Milestones	T - Target
OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT	
By 2025, all people in Georgia have equitable	e Existence of costed National Action Plan on	2020 (Baseline)	No	N/A	
and inclusive access to quality, resilient and gender-sensitive services delivered in accordance with international human rights standards (UNSDCF Outcome 2)	n ver i	2021 (Milestone)	-	TRUE	
	rate (UNSDCF 1.3.1 NSDG: 5.1.1 (GT 5.1))		Yes	TRUE	
		2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE	
		2024 (Milestone)	Yes		
		2025 (Target)	Yes	-	

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of women and girls who	2017 (Baseline)	26	N/A
experience violence and seek help from formal institutions (UNSDCF 2.5; SP 4.1)	2021 (Milestone)	-	26%
	2022 (Milestone)	N/A	26
	2023 (Milestone)	22	22.8
	2024 (Milestone)	22.8	
	2025 (Target)	22.8	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries and/or other actors	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
with comprehensive and coordinated VAW prevention strategy (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
p	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where there has been an increase in the number of women who access services after experiencing violence or discrimination (CO)	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	No	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods and/resources, including social protection (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UNCTs meeting/exceeding	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
requirements in preventing and eliminating all forms of violence and discrimination	2022 (Milestone)	1	-
against women and girls through multisectoral and coordinated approaches (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.22) (Desk Review)	2023 (Milestone)	1	-
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
NOVIOWY	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.1: Number of National Action Plans and	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
Strategies to end violence against women that have a component that addresses	2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
social norms, attitudes, and behavior transformation, developed with UN-	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
Women's support	2025 (Target)	-	-

SP 4.11.2a: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, (1) conducted community activities with women and men, boys and girls on gender equality and respectful relationships and (2) developed national informal or formal education curricula on gender and violence against women in primary and/or secondary schools.

2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.3: Number of countries supported by UN-Women to improve guidelines, protocols, standard operating procedures (in line with best practices) on the provision of quality services for victims and survivors	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
SOLVIOUS TOT VIOLETTO GITA SALVIVOIS	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.4: Number of countries that provide information about women's rights to access quality essential services for victims and survivors of violence, with UN-Women's support	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
зарроге	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
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SP 4.11.2b: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, (1) conducted community activities with women and men, boys and girls on gender equality and respectful relationships and (2) developed national informal or formal education curricula on gender and violence against women in primary and/or secondary schools.

2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

SP 4.11.6a: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) integrate violence prevention and response into COVID-19 response plans, b), c), d), e)

2020 (Baseline)	No	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
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SP 4.11.6b: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a), b) raise awareness through advocacy and campaigns, with targeted messages to both women and men, c), d), e)

2020 (Baseline)	Yes N/A	
2021 (Milestone)	Yes TRUE	
2024 (Milestone)		
2025 (Target)		

SP 4.11.6c: Number of countries that have,			
with UN Women's support, put in place			
measures to address gender-based			
violence (GBV) during the COVID-19			
pandemic, which a), b), c) provide options			
for women to report abuse and seek help			
without alerting perpetrators, d), e)			

2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT

SP 4.11.6d: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a), b), c), d) ensure continued functioning of shelters for victims of violence and expand their capacity, e)

2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

SP 4.11.6e: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a), b), c), d), e) ensure women's access to justice through police and justice response to address impunity of perpetrators and protect women and their children

2020 (Baseline)	Yes N/A	
2021 (Milestone)	Yes TRU	<u> </u>
2024 (Milestone)		
2025 (Target)		

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
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SP 4.11.7. Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to respond to and mitigate the pandemic, fight against COVID-19 related gender-based violence, racism, xenophobia, stigma, and other forms of discrimination, prevent and remedy human rights abuses, and ensure longer-term recovery

2020 (Baseline)	Not available	N/A
2021 (Milestone)	Not available	6
2024 (Milestone)	-	-
2025 (Target)	-	-

## **OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS**

## OUTPUT GEO\_D\_3.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Ending violence against women and domestic violence (EVAW/DV) legislation and policies are further improved to meet international standards  Planned Budget:  \$3.03 M	Existence of an adopted and costed EVAW & DV NAP	2016 (Baseline)	No	N/A
		2021 (Milestone)	-	Partially aligned
		2022 (Milestone)	Partially aligned	Yes
		2023 (Milestone)	Partially aligned	Yes
		2024 (Milestone)	Partially aligned	
		2025 (Target)	Fully aligned	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$2.23 M

Shortfall: \$801.38 K



\$2.10 M

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Existence of a component that addresses social norms, attitudes and behaviors transformation in the NAP, developed with UN Women support	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with a process to design and implement VAW prevention strategies, or with VAW prevention interventions based on global norms and standards (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

## OUTPUT GEO\_D\_3.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Violence against women and domestic violence services and the capacities of service providers are further improved to meet international standards  Planned Budget:  \$3.23 M	Percentage change in issued restrictive	2014 (Baseline)	100%	N/A
	orders	2021 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
		2022 (Milestone)	5 shelters and 5 crisis centers	TRUE
		2023 (Milestone)	5 shelters and 6 crisis centers	TRUE
		2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
		2025 (Target)	6 shelters and 7 crisis centers	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$2.47 M

Shortfall: \$764.10 K



Expenses:

## \$2.46 M

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of shelters for DV victims/survivors functional and number of crisis centers operational and funded from the State Budget	2015 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Existence of institutionalized mandatory training programs on VAWG, in particular DV and sexual violence, for judges, prosecutors, and lawyers in High School of Justice,	2015 (Baseline)	Sexual violence issues are not covered in training programs for judges, prosecutors and lawyers, training only exists on DV issues	N/A
Prosecutor General's Office Training Center and Georgian Bar Association respectively	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	6	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	7	4
	2023 (Milestone)	7	1
	2024 (Milestone)	9	
	2025 (Target)	10	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries supported to develop and/or implement guidelines, protocols and standard operating procedures to strengthen EVAWG services in line with the Essential Services Package (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with multi stakeholder initiatives in place to prevent and respond to sexual violence including sexual harassment in public and/or private spaces (CO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	1
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of initiatives developed and	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
implemented to prevent, monitor and mitigate violence against women in politics	2022 (Milestone)	1 additional	1
(VAWP) and in public life (including gender equality advocates in civil society	2023 (Milestone)	2	0
organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially	2024 (Milestone)	2	
women's organizations) (CO, RO, HQ)	2025 (Target)	2	-

## OUTPUT GEO\_D\_3.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Negative gender stereotypes, social norms and attitudes that condone violence against		2017 (Baseline)	22% of women and 31% men	N/A
women and harmful practices transformed to		2021 (Milestone)	-	28
		2022 (Milestone)	N/A	1
Planned Budget:		2023 (Milestone)	17% of women and 26% of men	1.8
\$1.81 M		2024 (Milestone)	2	
		2025 (Target)	2	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$1.06 M

Shortfall: \$755.03 K



Expenses:

\$1.03 M

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
% of change in public awareness of the existence of the DV law and relevant services	2017 (Baseline)	67% of women and 74% of men	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	-	67%
	2022 (Milestone)	N/A	1
	2023 (Milestone)	72% of women and 79% of men	65
	2024 (Milestone)	65.1	
	2025 (Target)	65.1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT YEAR		BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of community or organizational level	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
UN Women programmes that address behaviour and/or social/gender norms – using evidence/practice-based methodologies (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	2	2
	2023 (Milestone)	3	2
	2024 (Milestone)	3	
	2025 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of data collection initiatives conducted or supported by UN Women that include behaviour and/or social/gender norms dimensions (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	1
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	1
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

SHOWING DATA OF . 2022

#### STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

By 2025, all people in Georgia have equitable and inclusive access to quality, resilient and gender-sensitive services delivered in accordance with international human rights standards (UNSDCF Outcome 2)

UN Women has made strong progress towards partial achievement of this outcome in 2022. The Government of Georgia developed and adopted the National Action Plan on Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence and Measures to be Implemented for the Protection of Victims (Survivors) for 2022–2024 (VAW/DV NAP) with UN Women's technical support. The action plan aims to improve the implementation of the legal framework related to violence against women and domestic violence and to provide appropriate services and measures focusing prevention and awareness-raising of the public. The victims/survivors of violence against women and domestic violence have become entitled to state compensation in the amount of GEL 10,000 (USD 3,700). Georgia ratified the Council of Europe Convention on Preventing and Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence (Istanbul Convention) in 2017. Article 30 of the Convention mandates the States Parties to take the necessary legislative or other measures to ensure that victims have the right to claim compensation from perpetrators for any of the offences established in accordance with this Convention. To meet this commitment, the Ministry of Internally Displaced Persons from the Occupied Territories, Labour, Health and Social Affairs with UN Women support prepared the rule and procedure for issuing state compensation that was adopted in November 2022. The maximum amount of the compensation equals GEL 10,000 (USD 3,700), to be issued to the VAW/DV survivor and/or the children in the case of the victim's death. The Parliament of Georgia has adopted a package of legislative amendments that aims at increasing access to state-run VAWG/DV shelters for the survivors of violence. This package of amendments was prepared with UN Women support. According to the amendments, no formal procedures are required to access the shelters, such as having a restraining/protective order, being recognized as a victim in a criminal case or being granted & Isquo; victim' statu

improve the quality of and access to the service, as well as data entry and processing for hotline operators. As a result of the update, the potential beneficiaries can receive services online or participate in video calls if preferred. Operators are now able to redirect each call to the relevant services immediately without terminating the call. In addition, responses can now be generated via SMS or email. The system also includes a monitoring module that records feedback on service quality. In addition, the system is enabled to generate various types of reports to be used for data collection, analysis or monitoring. Institutionalized training curricula for judges, prosecutors and lawyers was improved to increase the capacities of service providers and meet the needs of VAWG/DV victims/survivors with UN Women's contribution. Altogether 1081 professionals benefitted from UN Women capacity development interventions under this outcome; A total of 805 professionals, including 91 judges and judicial assistants (JAs), 545 prosecutors, 15 high-level managers and 98 investigators of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, 42 investigators of the Special Investigation Service (SIS) and 14 lawyers, underwent the training programmes and increased their knowledge, capacity and skills around VAWF/DV. In addition to that, a total of 192 professionals, including 100 police officers, 30 lawyers of the Legal Aid Service (LAS) and 62 social workers of the State Care Agency were trained to strengthen their capacity to ensure an efficient response to VAWG/DV cases and hate crimes against the LGBTIQ+ community and to provide quality services to DV and sexual violence victims/survivors from the LGBTIQ+ community. In order to increase understanding of VAW/DV and sensitivity towards the issues, UN Women organized trainings for the members of the Association of Mediators of Georgia, reaching out to 84 participants (57 women and 27 men). UN Women deepened its strategic partnership with the Georgian Charter of Journalistic Ethics around gender-sensitive and ethical reporting on women's rights and LGBTIQ-related issues. Together with the Charter, UN Women conducted 20 trainings reaching 201 media representatives (160 women and 41 men). Along with the trainings, the Charter has committed to conducting awareness-raising and advocacy meetings with media organizations and individual journalists to support the process of gender-sensitive and ethical reporting based on the guidelines and standards developed with UN Women technical support. The above-listed results became possible through UN Women's work within the frameworks of two cost-share projects: "UN Joint Programme for Gender Equality?in Georgia", funded by the Government of Sweden, and "Ending Violence against Women and Girls in Georgia", funded by the European Union. Based on the progress made to date, the original strategy and theory of change for this outcome is largely still applicable. If, as expected, this strategy is successful, then?the harmonization of Georgia's legislative and policy frameworks with international standards and the country's commitments will start having real impact on the lives of women and girls in Georgia by outlawing discriminatory practices and improving women's access to relevant protection and support services.