

# Country-Level Data for Cambodia country Outcome

## XM-DAC-41146-KHM\_D\_6.1

OUTCOME KHM\_D\_6.1 [XM-DAC-41146-KHM\\_D\\_6.1](#)

The RGC resources, coordinates and transparently monitors implementation of international commitments to GE&WE, in consultation with rights holders including Young women and LGBTIQ persons.

### OUTCOME DETAILS

#### SDG alignment



#### Impact areas



Governance and participation in public life

#### Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions

#### Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

#### Humanitarian Scope

No

#### UN System Function

#### Outcome Description

This outcome focuses on provision of technical assistance to strengthen women machinery's capacity in monitoring the implementation of GE&WE in consistent with international norms (CEDAW, BfA, and UPR), transformative leadership and movement building for LGBTI rights as well as addressing negative social and gender norms.

#### UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Intergovernmental Normative Support

RESOURCES

**\$202.59 K**

Planned Budget

**\$0.00**

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : 2019-2023

OUTCOME KHM\_D\_6.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
The RGC resources, coordinates and transparently monitors implementation of international commitments to GE&WE, in consultation with rights holders including Young women and LGBTIQ persons.	Number of selected laws and policies that have been adopted, amended and implemented to comply with international norms and standards with UN Women support.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2019 (Milestone)	-	0
		2020 (Milestone)	-	0
		2021 (Milestone)	-	0
		2022 (Milestone)	-	0
		2023 (Target)	4	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of key government ministries able to report annually on gender budget allocations.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	0
	2020 (Milestone)	-	0
	2021 (Milestone)	-	0
	2022 (Milestone)	-	3
	2023 (Target)	5	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of new national gender indicators adopted and monitored in line with SDG5	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	0
	2020 (Milestone)	-	0
	2021 (Milestone)	-	0
	2022 (Milestone)	-	4
	2023 (Target)	2	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.1.1: Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2010 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	1
	2023 (Target)	0	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UNCTs that conducted the comprehensive UNCT-SWAP Gender Equality Scorecard in the past four years, and met or exceeded requirements for at least 60% of UNCT-SWAP standards (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.15) (Desk Review)	2020 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2023 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 1.1.1: Number of countries supported by UN-Women to contribute to the review theme of the Commission on the Status of Women through voluntary national presentations(Not for country reporting)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 1.1.2: Percentage of Member States expressing satisfaction with the support provided by UN-Women for the annual session of the Commission on the Status of Women(Not for country reporting)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 1.1.3: Number of countries supported by UN-Women that undertake a 25-year review and appraisal of the implementation of the Beijing Platform for Action (Not for country reporting)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 1.1.4: Percentage of UN Country Teams' CEDAW reports submitted with UN-Women's support (Not for country reporting)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-

## OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

### OUTPUT KHM\_D\_6.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Young women, marginalised women, as well as LGBTIQ persons, have the feminist leadership skills, networks, and space to challenge negative gender norms and to hold duty bearers and United Nations Country Team (UNCT) accountable on GE&WE commitments, including the implementation of CEDAW COB, creating new knowledge on gender barriers for women's participation in peacekeeping and reflecting specific GEWE outcomes/outputs within the new UNSDCF.	Percentage of Youth Leadership Academy (YLA) participants reported to integrate feminist leadership principles into their daily life	2019 (Baseline)	0%	N/A
		2019 (Milestone)	70%	70%
		2020 (Milestone)	70%	93%
		2021 (Milestone)	70%	0
		2022 (Target)	70%	100

Planned Budget:

**\$918.66 K**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

**\$492.77 K**

Shortfall: \$425.89 K



Expenses:

\$426.13 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of CSO coalition members trained reported to integrate CEDAW principles, vision of SDGs and Beijing PfA into their advocacy work.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	60%	100%
	2020 (Milestone)	4	8
	2021 (Milestone)	70%	0
	2022 (Milestone)	70%	63
	2023 (Target)	90	85

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of joint CSO and activist-led initiatives on GE&WE commitments supported by UNW.	2018 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	4	5
	2020 (Milestone)	3	3
	2021 (Milestone)	3	4
	2022 (Milestone)	1	4
	2023 (Target)	1	2

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of advocacy events conducted by grassroots women's groups to raise livelihood and market concerns.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	2	1
	2020 (Milestone)	8	10
	2021 (Milestone)	6	3
	2022 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of advocacy events conducted by grassroots HIV affected women's groups to raise livelihood issue and health care concerns for HIV affected people, including women and children	2019 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2020 (Milestone)	2	3
	2021 (Milestone)	1	1
	2022 (Milestone)	40%	30
	2023 (Target)	9	11

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of assessment with Cambodia women peacekeeping force	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	0	0
	2023 (Target)	1	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of dialogues conducted among relevant government ministries on assessment findings related to women peacekeeping force	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	0	0
	2023 (Target)	1	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of UN Country Teams reports to the CEDAW Committee submitted (Desk Review)	2022 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2023 (Target)	0	

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of UNCT SWAP GE Scorecard indicators (2020) is measured by UNCT/GTG under the 2019 – 2023 UNSDCF	2022 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2023 (Target)	5	5

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UN Country Teams reports to the CEDAW Committee submitted (Desk Review)	2019 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners that have increased capacities to promote/influence gender responsive legislation (CO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	2
	2023 (Target)	0	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	5
	2023 (Target)	5	7

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of organizations/institutions with increased capacities to identify and/or address discriminatory behaviour and/or social/gender norms change (CO)	2019 (Baseline)	3	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	2
	2023 (Target)	4	0

## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: **2023**

**The RGC resources, coordinates and transparently monitors implementation of international commitments to GE&WE, in consultation with rights holders including Young women and LGBTIQ persons.**

There has been significant progress for this outcome in 2023. The Seventh Legislature of the National Assembly shows a political commitment in advancing gender equality and promoting the rights of women and girls through its policy agenda, including in the Pentagonal Strategy Phase I. With the support of UN Women, the Royal Government of Cambodia (RGC) carried out monitoring of the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) at the sub-national level, and promoted women’s voice in peace and security. The RGC, through the work of Cambodia National Council for Women (CNCW), has honoured the ratification of CEDAW by investing national resources in the monitoring work by sub-national actors and through drafting a Roadmap for the Development of Progress Report of the Implementation of the CEDAW Concluding Observation. The development of the Roadmap is considered a crucial step for Cambodia to the compilation the Seventh Periodic Report to CEDAW. Meanwhile, women’s personal and professional experiences working in Peace Operations have been voiced through the report on Measuring Opportunities for Women in Peace Operations. The draft report has been submitted to RGC for final comments. The report provides evidence-based recommendations for improving future work on women, peace and security in the Cambodian context as well as ensuring doing no harm for women and promoting their role and leadership in cross-border peace building. In this process, UN Women has provided financial, technical and coordination support between research institutions and the key actors in RGC. In addition, national dialogues in building understanding of women, peace security with wide range of stakeholders, including youth, has fuelled national commitment towards the development of a National Action Plan on Women, Peace, and Security, which is part of CEDAW Concluding Observation 13 (b) and 13 (c). Facebook Additionally, during this reporting period, the young women’s and LGBTIQI movements have been able to communicate their issues to the public and duty bearers. Breakthrough (BT) and Love Is Diversity (LID), are two successful movements working towards gender equality and addressing discrimination. The movements have continuously created space and empowered young women and LGBTIQ communities through social media and dialogue platforms as well as outreach. Since its establishment till present, LID has

reached thousands of people and provided LGBTIQ people with a safe space to share their stories and seek support and information about their rights. The movement has also been able to convey messages which reflect the communities and individual's experiences and needs of the communities and the individuals to the public and duty bearers for further advocacy. At the same time the BT Movement, led by young women, to combat promote gender equality, challenge, and break through discriminatory social norms, continues to use a social media platform to create dialogues on key emerging harmful gendered social norms that deny women and girls their human rights. The movements have showcased young women's stories, experiences and voice and have served as a space to start dialogues leading to young women's empowerment. The achievements above show the relevance and effectiveness of the strategy which works based on applying a human rights-based approach focusing on women's rights and movement building. While working with duty bearers at the national level, the UN Women is also working to support rights holders, such as those in these two movements, to continue demanding their rights and raising awareness on the issues and their rights, as well as providing a space to start dialogues. This clearly indicates that the strategy provided an opportunity to experiment through the co-creative process of youth group as right holders within their movement for advocacy work that lead to increased investment in monitoring and implementation of the laws and policies as well as positive changes for women's participation in the public sphere.