

Country-Level Data for Sri Lanka country Outcome

XM-DAC-41146-LKA_D_4.2

[OUTCOME LKA_D_4.2](#) [XM-DAC-41146-LKA_D_4.2](#)

Empowered military and war widows have sustainable livelihoods, and access social support services with dignity.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Ending violence against women



Women, peace and security, humanitarian action and disaster risk reduction

Organizational outputs



Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

Yes

Outcome Description

This Outcome will be focused on increasing the financial independence of FHH and thereby lessening their vulnerability to VAW through support for self-employment and entrepreneurship and linking them to resources, markets and networks for further support.

UN Partners



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

WHO

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Comprehensive and disaggregated data (discontinued)

RESOURCES

\$163.38 K

Planned Budget

\$181.41 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL


EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:

 United Nations Resident
Coordinator's Office \$1,926

 Multi-Partner Trust Fund Office
\$179,488

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)

\$181,414

OUTCOME LKA_D_4.2

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Empowered military and war widows have sustainable livelihoods, and access social support services with dignity.	% of military and war widows who are subjected to sexual bribery and sexual exploitation when accessing services.	2016 (Baseline)	50%	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	-	0
		2019 (Milestone)	-	0
		2020 (Milestone)	25%	19
		2021 (Milestone)	-	0
		2022 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
% of widow beneficiaries who have used the grant provided to establish or upscale an existing business venture, disaggregated by widow type.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	0
	2019 (Milestone)	-	0
	2020 (Milestone)	50	79
	2021 (Milestone)	-	0
	2022 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
% women (in the target districts) who have used the grant provided to establish or upscale an existing business venture.	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	40	0
	2022 (Target)	80	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods and/resources, including social protection (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual, or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 5.13.1: Number of institutions of the justice and security sectors with strengthened capacity to mainstream gender perspectives and promote the rights of women and girls in conflict, post-conflict and other crisis situations	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 5.13.2: Number of sexual and gender-based violence justice experts deployed to national, regional and international accountability mechanisms(Not for country reporting)	2019 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2020 (Milestone)	0	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 5.14.1: Percentage of humanitarian country cluster systems with dedicated gender expertise in countries with UN-Women humanitarian presence	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 5.14.2: Number of women's organizations or institutions supported by UN-Women to play a role in humanitarian response and recovery	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 5.14.3: Number of women and girls directly accessing UN-Women supported humanitarian services	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Target)	-	0

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT LKA_D_4.2.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Military widows and war widows have increased knowledge of their rights and have access to complaint mechanisms on bribery. Planned Budget: \$878.39 K	# of widows' collectives formed / strengthened.	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	-	0
		2019 (Milestone)	-	60
		2020 (Milestone)	12	61
		2021 (Milestone)	-	0
		2022 (Target)	-	0

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$801.07 K

Shortfall: \$77.31 K

Expenses:
\$606.99 K

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
# of widows that are members of collectives formed/ strengthened who have increased knowledge of their rights, disaggregated by type of widow.	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	936
	2020 (Milestone)	750	1119
	2021 (Milestone)	-	0
	2022 (Target)	-	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	138

OUTPUT LKA_D_4.2.5

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women in Mannar are empowered to exercise their choices and participate in employment opportunities that promote their financial independence, and have access to quality services.	% of individuals reported having improved entrepreneurship skills and business development plans after participating in business skills training (disaggregated by sex)	2019 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2020 (Milestone)	-	0
		2021 (Milestone)	30	0
		2022 (Target)	70	0

Planned Budget:

\$341.46 K

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$189.89 K

Shortfall: \$151.57 K

Expenses:

\$94.35 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of individuals with business plans supported with special grants via 'competitive challenge' (disaggregated by business sector and sex)	2019 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2020 (Milestone)	-	0
	2021 (Milestone)	40	0
	2022 (Target)	90	73

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with a process to design and implement VAW prevention strategies, or with VAW prevention interventions based on global norms and standards (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	TRUE

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2022

Empowered military and war widows have sustainable livelihoods, and access social support services with dignity.

In 2022, women beneficiaries in Mannar – many of whom are women heads of households – have increased the resilience of their livelihoods and their social autonomy, as well as their access to local government officials and networks of mentors and peers through the support of UN Women, which in turn has contributed to strengthening their access to social support services and the prevention of gender-based violence against them. The latter objective continues to be pursued jointly by a multi-pronged approach adopted by UNFPA, UNICEF and UN Women in their ongoing joint programme, collectively strengthening the prevention of and response to violence against women through access to sustainable livelihoods and social support, as well transforming norms within communities through dialogue and education. Up to 120 women engaging in or operating businesses – related to agriculture, food production, garments, animal husbandry etc. – from the target communities have strengthened their financial and business literacy skills, including in terms of market and digital engagement. Of these, 73 have been selected to receive in-kind assistance to sustain their livelihoods based on a competitive assessment of business proposals. Beneficiaries also have access to mentoring sessions and on-to-one coaching, as a result of which several women have formally registered their enterprises. UN Women has ensured that the work done on this front is relevant to the beneficiaries, including incorporating sessions on microfinance when it became apparent that this was a key issue faced by beneficiaries, and to build external partnerships including a session conducted by the Central Bank. The impact of this work goes beyond UN Women's primary beneficiaries to a broader societal level. In a context where women are largely excluded from livelihood activities and have limited resource, UN Women's work has strengthened a culture of women empowering women to play a more direct role in generating livelihoods for their households and communities. Anecdotal evidence shows that many of the women-led businesses continue to engage other women in the community in their activities as their businesses expand, and support livelihood generation for households – and women, in particular – in their vicinity. In UN Women's engagement with beneficiaries, the office has also observed greater entrepreneurial spirit and confidence in beneficiaries following UN Women's interventions, through which they have approached national standardization bodies, research institutions, financing institutions, and government administrators for support towards formalizing and expanding their businesses.

There is also greater interest in accessing distant markets (including foreign markets), and many beneficiaries have already begun to supply products for export purposes. These results have broadly contributed to a community and local-government level recognition of the capacity and role of women in strengthening local economies and societies, as indicated in UN Women's engagement with local administrators and provincial leadership, who have request continued support from UN Women on similar interventions. The building of peer groups among beneficiaries has also begun to contribute to the development of social collectives and collective coping mechanisms, which UN Women sees as vital to the well-being and empowerment of women in the beneficiary communities. As the economic crisis continues to hit small and medium enterprises the hardest - including those operated by the beneficiary group, there is need for continued and responsive support, including further support on product and market diversification (including the use of e-markets), and marketing, which UN Women remains committed to providing as possible. Hence, the TOC considered to be valid and timely.