

Country-Level Data for Morocco country Outcome

XM-DAC-41146-MAR_D_3.1

Data as of:
27 July 2024

OUTCOME MAR_D_3.1 [XM-DAC-41146-MAR_D_3.1](#)


Stakeholders are committed to prevent VAW and to deliver quality essential services to WSV

OUTCOME DETAILS


SDG alignment




Impact areas

 Ending violence against women

Organizational outputs

 Positive social norms

 Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

Outcome Description

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

WHO

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Comprehensive and disaggregated data (discontinued)

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$455.23 K

Planned Budget

\$558.81 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL



EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Regular resources (Core):

 UN Women
\$6,525

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:

 UN AIDS
\$15,000

 Sweden \$12,966

 France \$92,409

 Canada \$286,080

 United States of America
\$145,828

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$552,283

OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : 2018-2022

OUTCOME MAR_D_3.1

B – Baseline M – Milestones T – Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Stakeholders are committed to prevent VAW and to deliver quality essential services to WSV	Number of strengthened legislation addressing GBV and gender-based discriminations	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	-	1
		2019 (Milestone)	-	0
		2020 (Milestone)	-	0
		2021 (Milestone)	2	2
		2022 (Target)	2	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions putting in places policies and practices to address gender-based discrimination and/or combat gender stereotypes (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	3

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments, (b) local governments and (c) executive positions/ministers (cabinets) held by women (Desk Review)	2022 (Baseline)	(a)24.3% (b)38.5% (c) 25%	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.1: Number of National Action Plans and Strategies to end violence against women that have a component that addresses social norms, attitudes, and behavior transformation, developed with UN-Women's support	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	1	FALSE
	2019 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.2a: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, (1) conducted community activities with women and men, boys and girls on gender equality and respectful relationships and (2) developed national informal or formal education curricula on gender and violence against women in primary and/or secondary schools.	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2019 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.3: Number of countries supported by UN-Women to improve guidelines, protocols, standard operating procedures (in line with best practices) on the provision of quality services for victims and survivors	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2019 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.4: Number of countries that provide information about women's rights to access quality essential services for victims and survivors of violence, with UN-Women's support	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2019 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2020 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2021 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.2b: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, (1) conducted community activities with women and men, boys and girls on gender equality and respectful relationships and (2) developed national informal or formal education curricula on gender and violence against women in primary and/or secondary schools.	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2019 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.6a: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) integrate violence prevention and response into COVID- 19 response plans, b), c), d), e)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.6b: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) , b) raise awareness through advocacy and campaigns, with targeted messages to both women and men, c), d), e)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.6c: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) , b) , c) provide options for women to report abuse and seek help without alerting perpetrators, d), e)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2021 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.6d: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) , b) , c), d) ensure continued functioning of shelters for victims of violence and expand their capacity, e)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2021 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.6e: Number of countries that have, with UN Women's support, put in place measures to address gender-based violence (GBV) during the COVID-19 pandemic, which a) , b) , c), d), e) ensure women's access to justice through police and justice response to address impunity of perpetrators and protect women and their children	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2021 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 4.11.7. Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to respond to and mitigate the pandemic, fight against COVID-19 related gender-based violence, racism, xenophobia, stigma, and other forms of discrimination, prevent and remedy human rights abuses, and ensure longer-term recovery	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2020 (Milestone)	-	20
	2021 (Target)	-	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.3.1: Proportion of women aged 20–24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18 (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT MAR_D_3.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Capacities of national and local authorities are strengthened to adopt and implement comprehensive public policies, in line with international standards, to prevent and respond to VAWG, including access to quality essential services	Number of stakeholders with strengthened capacities on the implementation of national legal framework and policies (UNSCDF)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Planned Budget: \$2.84 M				
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Actual Budget and Shortfall: \$1.86 M				
Shortfall: \$972.51 K				
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Expenses: \$1.60 M				
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INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutional partners technically supported on implementing public policies against VAWG and gender-based discriminations , including sectorial essential services and multi-sectorial coordination	2017 (Baseline)	3	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	2	3
	2019 (Milestone)	1	5
	2020 (Milestone)	1	6
	2021 (Milestone)	8	8
	2022 (Target)	9	6

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of local and/or national knowledge and data on EVAWG and gender-based discriminations supported and disseminated by UN Women	2017 (Baseline)	8	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	2	-
	2019 (Milestone)	2	-
	2020 (Milestone)	2	8
	2021 (Milestone)	16	16
	2022 (Target)	18	13

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of governments that undertake national review processes in response to global intergovernmental outcomes (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national AIDS coordinating bodies and/or national multi-sectoral HIV programmes that have strengthened capacity to integrate gender-responsive actions into national HIV strategies (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	FALSE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	4

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries supported to develop and/or implement guidelines, protocols and standard operating procedures to strengthen EAWG services in line with the Essential Services Package (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	TRUE

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with multi stakeholder initiatives in place to prevent and respond to sexual violence including sexual harassment in public and/or private spaces (CO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with national gender equality profiles developed and published with UN Women support and informing national priorities (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2023 (Target)	Yes	TRUE

OUTPUT MAR_D_3.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Capacities of gender equality advocates are enhanced towards social mobilization and innovative transformative approaches to promote favorable social norms, attitudes, and behaviors related to women's rights to enjoy a life free from violence in public and private spaces	Number of interagency EVAWG initiatives coordinated by UN-Women, such as the UNITE Campaign	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	2	5
		2019 (Milestone)	4	3
		2020 (Milestone)	6	-
		2021 (Milestone)	8	-

Planned Budget:

\$3.70 M



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$673.60 K

Shortfall: \$3.03 M



Expenses:
\$644.60 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of advocacy initiatives against violence and all forms of discrimination carried out with UN Women's support (by civil society organizations, national institutions, local authorities, academic institutions, the private sector)	2017 (Baseline)	42	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	7	28
	2019 (Milestone)	7	26
	2020 (Milestone)	7	14
	2021 (Milestone)	70	12
	2022 (Target)	77	6

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of stakeholders with enhanced capacity to ensure the monitoring and evaluation of public policies	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners with capacities to integrate gender equality into fiscal laws/policies/standards (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of gender financing assessments conducted by government partners (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national partners with capacities to apply Gender Responsive Budgeting tools in the budget cycle (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	10	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of data collection initiatives conducted or supported by UN Women that include behaviour and/or social/gender norms dimensions (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Target)	-	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of data producers and users with strengthened capacities in the collection, analysis, dissemination and use of gender statistics (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	18	N/A

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries with institutionalized user-producer dialogues to increase accessibility, quality and demand for multi-level disaggregated gender statistics, sex-disaggregated data and knowledge (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	No	N/A

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2022

Stakeholders are committed to prevent VAW and to deliver quality essential services to WSV

Outcome 3.1 was successfully achieved in 2022. Institutional representatives from the Office of the Public Prosecutor / tribunals; the Ministry of Health / hospitals; the Women's machinery / housing centers for WSV; the police forces; and Royal Guard / specialized units strengthened their culture of monitoring and evaluation of essential services provision following a self-assessment on the implementation of the protocol at institutional level. The assessment generated recommendations to improve the service provision for WSV. This process will inform future regional evaluations on the quality of the service provision for WSV for better inter-sectoral coordination. The established culture of self-assessment reflects a strong sense of ownership and a clear commitment to service provision to ensure that quality services are provided. UNW further supported intersectoral coordination with service providers for WSV through the monitoring and evaluation of the territorial protocol for providing coordinated services to WSV. Police forces more adequately deploy in response to the prevalence of various forms of violence, taking into account occurrence time and geographical location. This is a result of the Police response to VAWG becoming increasingly informed by data analysis collected by the VAW field Units. For example, when the data collected in one district showed a low rate of complaints on cyber-violence, the National Police strengthened its communication strategy in this area on the services available to survivors of this particular form of violence. The National Police is committed to ensure a better coordination of their local response to deliver quality essential services to WSV. In 2022, In this regard: (i) The High Commission for Planning (HCP) developed a user-friendly online platform to display key gender statistics, including statistics from the national prevalence VAW study; (ii) the Office of the Public Prosecutor (OPP) published the annual report of judicial statistics, which includes VAW statistics and elaborated an integrated national action plan to end early and forced child marriage; (iii) the police forces continued to collect and disseminate VAW data (including the number of complaints received and processed, number of complaints dropped, authors' profiles, etc.). These efforts reflect stakeholders' commitment to improve the quality of targeted essential services provision to WSV. UN Women supported each of these steps taken by duty bearers to better produce data, knowledge, and communication tools informing VAW policies. An

increasing number of national institutions, private sector companies, NGOs, and other relevant stakeholders engaged in VAW prevention efforts. Stakeholders demonstrated national ownership over the 16 Days campaigns as a result of UNW's continuous advocacy. UNW is solicited by current partners and non-partners to conduct awareness-raising activities during the 16 Days campaign. This is a testimony of an increased commitment to prevent VAW. This year, new key strategic partner, the Ministry of Youth, Culture, and Communication, jointly organized, with UN Women, a film festival on women's rights and gender-based discrimination that mobilized more than 700 people. In addition, the National Commission for Data Protection organized an event to launch a new platform dedicated to the protection of private citizens' lives and the processing personal data of children, adolescents and women, including WSV when they report VAW cases to national institutions. UN Women partnered with the Commission to launch this platform.