

# Country-Level Data for Kenya country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-RD\_D\_1.3

**OUTCOME RD\_D\_1.3** XM-DAC-41146-RD\_D\_1.3

Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Kenya at risk of being left behind - particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban settlements - derive benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is resilient, green, and equitable.

#### **OUTCOME DETAILS**

#### **SDG** alignment







#### **Impact areas**



Women's economic empowerment

#### **Organizational outputs**



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Access to services, goods and resources

#### **Policy Marker**

**GENDER EQUALITY** 

### **Outcome Description**

#### **UN Partners**

UNAIDS



**UNDP** 



UNFPA

UNICEF

### **Humanitarian Scope**

No

# **UN System Function**

Capacity development and technical assistance
Direct support and service delivery
Integrated policy advice and thought leadership
Support functions

\$1.68 M

\$0.00

PLANNED BUDGET

Planned Budget

Actual Budget

### **OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS**

PLAN PERIOD: 2023-2026

T - Target

M - Milestones

B - Baseline

OUTCOME RD\_D\_1.3

resilient, green, and equitable.

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
of being left behind - particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban accessing		2022 (Baseline)	100	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	100	0
		2024 (Milestone)	100	-
		2025 (Milestone)	100	-
livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is		2026 (Target)	100	-

YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
2023 (Milestone)	7	7
2024 (Milestone)	4	-
2025 (Milestone)	4	-
2026 (Target)	4	-
	2022 (Baseline) 2023 (Milestone) 2024 (Milestone) 2025 (Milestone)	2022 (Baseline)       0         2023 (Milestone)       7         2024 (Milestone)       4         2025 (Milestone)       4

# **OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS**

# OUTPUT RD\_D\_1.3.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.1 National and county governments and communities have the capacity to mitigate and adapt to climate change, and sustainably manage disaster risks and natural resources.	RD_D_1.3.1A  Number of counties reached on awareness and sensitization on promoting women leadership and participation	2014 (Baseline)	30 districts (fomer)	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	700	936
		2024 (Milestone)	700	-
Planned Budget:		2025 (Milestone)	800	-
\$3.53 M		2026 (Target)	800	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$367.30 K

Shortfall: \$3.16 M

Expenses:

\$609.50 K

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RD_D_1.3.1B	2022 (Baseline)	600	N/A
3.1.b: CARRY OVER 2.1.2A: Number of women farmers practicing Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) technologies with UN Women support	2023 (Milestone)	200	2280
	2024 (Milestone)	200	-
	2025 (Milestone)	200	-
	2026 (Target)	200	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.f	2022 (Baseline)	3	N/A
Number of institutions that have increased capacities to design and implement institutional reforms/strategies/policies that promote gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2023 (Milestone)	3	4
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Milestone)	3	-
	2026 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.a	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of inter-agency coordination mechanisms governing the production of	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
multi-level disaggregated gender statistics and sex-disaggregated data, established or strengthened (CO, RO, HQ)	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

# OUTPUT RD\_D\_1.3.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.2. Increased capacities for a) National and county governments, the private sector and UN agencies to advance gender-responsive procurement, b. Women-owned businesses to leverage business opportunities through innovative practices and technologies.	RD_D_1.3.2A	2014 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of media companies supported with Gender Policy that promotes positive media	2023 (Milestone)	25	4
	coverage on women leaders at national and county level	2024 (Milestone)	25	-
	odanty level	2025 (Milestone)	25	-
Planned Budget:		2026 (Target)	25	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$530.24 K

\$960.30 K

Shortfall: \$430.06 K

Expenses:

\$576.76 K

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RD_D_1.3.2B	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of national and county planning documents that integrate gender statistics.	2023 (Milestone)	30	0
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RD_D_1.3.2C	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Sustained production and dissemination of gender statistics is included in the implementation plan of the Statistics Act	2023 (Milestone)	10	72
	2024 (Milestone)	10	-
	2025 (Milestone)	10	-
	2026 (Target)	10	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RD_D_1.3.2D	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Policy recommendation on the % of resources allocated towards gender statistics developed.	2023 (Milestone)	235	104
	2024 (Milestone)	235	-
	2025 (Milestone)	245	-
	2026 (Target)	245	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.2.a	2022 (Baseline)	2	N/A
Number of partners with capacities to integrate gender equality into fiscal laws/policies/standards (CO, RO, HQ)	2023 (Milestone)	2	1
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Milestone)	2	-
	2026 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.b	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of data producers and users with strengthened capacities in the collection, analysis, dissemination and use of gender statistics (CO)	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

# OUTPUT RD\_D\_1.3.4

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.3 . Technical capacity of the government and key actors is strengthened to implement unpaid care and domestic work policies and programmes	RD_D_1.3.4A  3.3a: Policy on unpaid care and domestic work developed by the state department for gender with UN Women support	2022 (Baseline)	No	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	No	FALSE
		2024 (Milestone)	No	-
Planned Budget: <b>\$210.00 K</b>		2025 (Milestone)	No	-
42.0.00 K		2026 (Target)	Yes	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$210.00 K



Expenses:

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.e	2022 (Baseline)	250	N/A
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and	2023 (Milestone)	100	10
women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies,	2024 (Milestone)	50	-
policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2025 (Milestone)	50	-
	2026 (Target)	50	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.d	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of platforms/web-based databases for dissemination of multi-level	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
disaggregated gender statistics, sex- disaggregated data and knowledge	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
developed (CO)	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	_	-

SHOWING DATA OF: 2023

#### STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Kenya at risk of being left behind - particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban settlements - derive benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is resilient, green, and equitable.

There was in 2023 progress towards ensuring that all people in Kenya, particularly women and girls, benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods. All 47 counties developed and adopted County Integrated development Policies (CIDPs) III, which for the first time were gender responsive. UN Women supported Laikipia, West Pokot and Kitui counties in the development of CIDPs III and Annual Development plans (ADP), as well as Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) policies, which aim to improve rural women farmers' livelihoods and food security. The plans integrated womenfocused and climate-smart interventions in agriculture and social-protection sectors, with budget allocations of KES 52.8 million (USD 344,000) in Kitui county, KES 276 million (USD 1.8 million) in Laikipia and USD 23 million (KES 3.6 billion) and USD 9 million (KES 1.4 billion) for agriculture and gender sectors in West Pokot. To achieve the result, UN Women, with partners Anglican Development Services Eastern, Hand in Hand Eastern Africa and Village Enterprise, conducted sensitization campaigns, advocacy efforts, and built the capacity of county government staff. UN Women also empowered rural women to engage in planning processes and advocate for gender-responsive CSA inclusion. In terms of increased productivity and household-level income, nutrition, and food security for rural farmers there were also great results achieved in 2023. In Kitui, Laikipia and West Pokot 866 rural farmers (F:734, M:132) from 57 beneficiary farmer groups aggregated along 17 enterprises increased their income from USD 17,640 in 2022 to USD 202,174. Women who accessed group credits also increased their savings from USD 55,294 to USD 89,685. This was achieved by UN Women in partnership with FAO by strengthening existing aggregation mechanisms. In addition, capacity-building efforts of 2,665 farmers (2,280 F, 385 M, 666 Y, 232 PWDs) on how to apply climate-smart agriculture (CSA) technologies and practices in their

were carried out and small grants (USD 134,466) to 48 farmer groups were distributed. The rural farmers adopted gender-responsive CSA technologies, including vertical and sunken kitchen gardens, along with the utilization of locally improved multi-functional brooders for indigenous chicken farming and CSA practices such as kitchen gardening, conservation agriculture and fodder and pasture production, on 1,598 hectares of farmland (714 hectares in 2022). The beneficiary farmer groups influenced community development by organising and leading community activities e.g., tree planting, soil conservation and construction of water harvesting structures that contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation. Monitoring missions revealed that some non-beneficiaries have adopted CSA practices as a result of the influence of the beneficiaries, and observations show significant difference in crop health of beneficiaries who have adopted CSA technologies vis-a-vis non-beneficiaries that have not adopted them. Beyond financial support, UN Women contributed to achieving these results by strengthening strategic partnerships with key stakeholders, such as the UN, national and county governments, CSOs, and the private sector. UN Women, in coordination with the Council of Governors and National Treasury, actively enhanced awareness and knowledge among women entrepreneurs by simplifying and disseminating the Bidders Handbook, providing AGPO training, and guiding participants on legal frameworks, table banking, and bid-winning strategies with a specific focus on promoting gender-responsive businesses. The achievements highlighted above underscore its overall alignment with UN Women's efforts in Kenya, particularly in the context of the ToC, with a focus on women's economic empowerment. Key lessons learned: - Establishing robust market linkages is crucial for women to make informed decisions regarding production of value chains and fostering engagement of women in agricultural income-generation activities. - Under AGPO, efforts need to address the issue of underguoting by women, PWDs, and youth through advocacy for improvements in the bid-winning process. UN Women will continue its efforts to address issues through partnerships with county governments, private sector and CSOs, monitor progress and incorporate lessons learned in ongoing women's economic empowerment programs.