

Country-Level Data for Serbia country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-SRB_D_1.1

Data as of:
27 July 2024

OUTCOME SRB_D_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-SRB_D_1.1](#)

All people, especially the more vulnerable, benefit from the realization of human rights, gender equality, social cohesion and enhanced rule of law in line with international commitments (UNSDCF Outcome 3.1)

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Governance and participation in public life

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Financing for gender equality

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

Outcome Description

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

No

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

RESOURCES

\$1.16 M

Planned Budget

\$1.08 M

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET


ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES




Funding Partners

Regular resources (Core):

 UN Women
\$0

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:

 Sweden
\$248,572

 European Commission \$829,312

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$1,077,884

OUTCOME SRB_D_1.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
All people, especially the more vulnerable, benefit from the realization of human rights, gender equality, social cohesion and enhanced rule of law in line with international commitments (UNSDCF Outcome 3.1)	Number of selected programmes, policies and budgets that include gender objectives and indicators	2018 (Baseline)	47	N/A
		2022 (Milestone)	72	82
		2023 (Milestone)	75	85
		2024 (Milestone)	75	
		2025 (Target)	75	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of measures from the National Action Plan for Gender Equality implemented by women NGOs	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	25	50
	2023 (Milestone)	25	50
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	12	1
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of adopted National Action Plans on Women, Peace and Security with monitoring indicators (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	no	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	No	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	No	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG Indicator 5.c.1: Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations to gender equality and women's empowerment (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT SRB_D_1.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Gender equality mechanisms, key national institutions and women' NGOs have knowledge and skills to fulfill their mandates and advance gender responsive governance and gender responsive budgeting.	Change in knowledge of representatives from GEMs, key national institutions and women's NGOs that passed capacity development training(s) on how to fulfill their mandate and advance gender responsive governance and gender responsive budgeting.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2022 (Milestone)	78	73
		2023 (Milestone)	78	80
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:

\$7.38 M



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$5.93 M

Shortfall: \$1.46 M



Expenses:

\$5.71 M



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of sector gender analysis performed by the Coordination Body for Gender Equality and line ministries to serve as a basis for IPA planning and programming process	2017 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women benefiting from the support provided by the women's NGOs	2018 (Baseline)	1500	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	4000	5163
	2023 (Milestone)	4500	7309
	2024 (Milestone)	5000	
	2025 (Target)	5500	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Change in knowledge of representatives from GEMs, key national institutions and women's NGOs on how to advance gender responsive governance.	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	30	30
	2023 (Milestone)	30	30
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of gender analysis performed to serve as basis for national strategic and IPA programming process	2020 (Baseline)	6	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	10	2
	2023 (Milestone)	12	2
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of pilot initiatives implemented in the selected municipalities	2019 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	120	
	2025 (Target)	200	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of policies and programming documents that include gender equality, anti-discrimination and accessibility consideration	2023 (Baseline)	6	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	8	
	2025 (Target)	10	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partnerships supporting women entrepreneurship established as a result of connections established at events (i.e. EXPO, networking events etc.)	2023 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	10	
	2025 (Target)	20	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	9	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	2	6
	2023 (Milestone)	1	5
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national partners with capacities to apply Gender Responsive Budgeting tools in the budget cycle (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	42	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	45	48
	2023 (Milestone)	47	55
	2024 (Milestone)	48	
	2025 (Target)	50	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, that have strengthened capacity to exercise their leadership role towards the achievement of gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	6	6
	2023 (Milestone)	6	7
	2024 (Milestone)	5	
	2025 (Target)	5	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women and girls, including women and girls living with and/or affected by HIV, with increased capacities to participate in public life and exercise leadership (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	15	17
	2024 (Milestone)	50	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2022**

All people, especially the more vulnerable, benefit from the realization of human rights, gender equality, social cohesion and enhanced rule of law in line with international commitments (UNSDCF Outcome 3.1)

2,694 women across Serbia increased their capacities and skills to develop their businesses with the help of UN Women supported projects. s Out of that number, more than 2,000 rural, Roma and/or unemployed women have strengthened their knowledge on entrepreneurship, innovation, organic production, development of business from idea to business plan and increased their digital skills and skills for sewing, waiving, cultivation of medicinal and aromatic plants etc. 252 women (including women from 11 rural women’s associations) received material support and equipment for establishment of their businesses and implementation of the business plans. As an additional result of the empowerment programme, 32 women were employed and 6 women received financial business support from LSG budgets for start-up or further development of their business. During the reporting period, numerous institutions at all government levels were strenghten to better reflect gender equality priorities in their activities and measures. To strengthen the position of women in various areas, the Serbian Government conducted various gender analysis (budget analysis, employment measures, energy, climate change, entrepreneurship, provincial Development Plan) and ensured gender mainstreaming within key planning documents and To facilitate this gender equality mechanisms engaged in widespread dialogue on key gender equality priorities with key stakeholders, including local communities, academia and women's CSOs. All line-ministries, provincial secretariats, oversight bodies and numerous other institutions at national and provincial level applied gender responsive budget (GRB) and integrated gender equality principles in Public Finance Management PFM, thus benefiting women and enabling implementation of initiatives targeting gender equality and improvement of position of women in various sectors, with focus on vulnerable groups. The Republic Secretariat for Public Policy adopted and implemented the Gender Equality Test for new legislation and contributed to increased understanding of gender gaps and challenges in various sectors so that all people, and particularly multi-discriminated groups of women, benefit equally from the newly adopted legislation. The Ministry of European Integration continued with gender mainstreaming of the Instrument for Pre-

Accession (IPA) programming and implementation documents. Women living in eighteen local self-governments (LSGs) across Serbia benefitted from developed, financed and implemented initiatives that contributed to the improvement of their position and increased general understanding of gender equality and challenges that women face. Out of 18 LSGs, nine are better equipped to introduce GRB in their 2023 budgets with UN Women's support. Performed 10 budget gender analysis pointed out to the key challenges and opportunities that women and girls face in relation to social and child protection, environmental protection, sports and youth, tourism, agriculture and local economic development and health protection, that were subsequently addressed through local budgets. Women across Serbia directly benefitted from support through increasing their capacities and skills in different areas, direct support for the development of their businesses and implementing initiatives and campaigns aiming to enhance their position and quality of life. UN Women contributed to all these important processes through various capacity development activities, experts support and facilitating social dialogue. Based on the progress to date, the initial strategy and theory of change still apply because women and girls still cannot fully exercise their rights and equally contribute and benefit from development and enjoy life free from discrimination.