

Country-Level Data for China country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-CHN_D_2.3

OUTCOME CHN_D_2.3 [XM-DAC-41146-CHN_D_2.3](#)

(Link to SN Output 1.1 and 1.2) Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban areas and among regions, as more people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Positive social norms



Outcome Description

This Outcome links to SN Output 1.1 and 1.2. The outcome focuses on strengthening the role and capacity of women entrepreneurs with access to skills development, market, networking and funding opportunities, and ensure better representation of women entrepreneurs (including women startups from Tier 3 and Tier 4 cities, women-led MSMEs who are hit hardest by COVID-19) in the economic recovery process to contribute to foster a more inclusive and high-quality economic development equally for women and men.

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

 Access to services, goods and resources



UNICEF

 Women's voice, leadership and agency

WHO

 UN system coordination

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Comprehensive and disaggregated data (discontinued)

Direct support and service delivery

UN system coordination (discontinued)

RESOURCES

\$914.22 K

Planned Budget

\$0.00

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : 2021-2025

OUTCOME CHN_D_2.3

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(Link to SN Output 1.1 and 1.2) Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban areas and among regions, as more people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men.	Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	-	2
		2024 (Milestone)	0	
		2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Extent of bias in gender equality attitudes and/or gender social norms among individuals (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	3
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions putting in places policies and practices to address gender-based discrimination and/or combat gender stereotypes (CO)	2023 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	5	5
	2024 (Milestone)	70	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods and/resources, including social protection (CO)	2023 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	No	
	2025 (Target)	No	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Level of influence of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, including women's organizations, in key normative, policy and peace processes (CO, RO, HQ)	2024 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	-	1
	2024 (Milestone)	5	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of UN entities implementing disaster risk reduction, resilience or recovery initiatives with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment (Desk Review)	2024 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	1	-
	2024 (Milestone)	0	-
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total employment, by sector and sex (Desk Review)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 3.9.1: Number of women with strengthened capacities and skills to participate in the economy, including as entrepreneurs, with UN-Women's support	2020 (Baseline)	663	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	1500	450
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 3.9.2: Number of women entrepreneurs supported to access finance and gender-responsive financial products and services, with UN-Women's support	2020 (Baseline)	NO	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	500	29
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 3.9.3: Number of government entities, companies, and/or international organizations that develop and/or implement gender-responsive procurement policies, with UN-Women's support	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	10	0
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 3.9.4: Number of national and international signatories to the Women Empowerment Principles	2020 (Baseline)	103	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	200	270
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 3.9.5: Number of countries developing and/or implementing gender-responsive fiscal stimulus packages for COVID-19 economic response and recovery, with UN-Women's support.	2020 (Baseline)	NO	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	NO	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT CHN_D_2.3.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.1) More women, including disadvantaged and young women, at central/provincial/local level have increased access to skills development (including in innovation and digital transformation) and life learning opportunities for decent jobs, income generation and livelihood security	number of WEPs signatories reporting to have an action plan for WEPs implementation and/or case studies about WEPs implementation	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2021 (Milestone)	60	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:

\$859.34 K



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$81.04 K

Shortfall: \$778.30 K



Expenses:

\$82.82 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2024 (Baseline)	10000	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	3000	64
	2024 (Milestone)	10000	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

OUTPUT CHN_D_2.3.4

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.2) Women-owned SMEs and entrepreneurs have increased capacities and access to markets and financial services including technology based, for start-up and building resilient business	Number of women entrepreneurs and workers report benefited economically or empowered from the project	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2021 (Milestone)	tbd	-
		2022 (Milestone)	tbd	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:
\$442.21 K



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$105.32 K

Shortfall: \$336.90 K



Expenses:
\$74.54 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of socio-economic recovery processes/efforts which engage women entrepreneurs/workers supported by the project	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	tbd	-
	2022 (Milestone)	tbd	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	1
	2024 (Milestone)	0	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	13	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	18	4
	2024 (Milestone)	0	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	8106	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	38106	181500
	2024 (Milestone)	0	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

OUTPUT CHN_D_2.3.5

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.3) Women in rural areas, including women farmers in target provinces, have enhanced capacities and access to resources for climate-smart livelihood opportunities and entrepreneurship development.	Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	2	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	12	14
		2024 (Milestone)	13	
		2025 (Target)	0	-

Planned Budget:

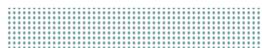
\$365.77 K



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$365.77 K



Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2023 (Baseline)	50000	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	5000	49525
	2024 (Milestone)	80000	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, that have strengthened capacity to exercise their leadership role towards the achievement of gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2023 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	2
	2024 (Milestone)	2	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

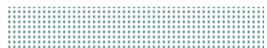
OUTPUT CHN_D_2.3.6

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.4) More private sector companies implement the WEPs and promote gender-sensitive business culture and practices	Number of organizations/institutions with increased capacities to identify and/or address discriminatory behaviour and/or social/gender norms change (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	25	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	65	0
		2024 (Milestone)	100	
		2025 (Target)	0	-
		Planned Budget: \$304.72 K		



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$0.00

Shortfall: \$304.72 K



Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	36000	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	0	0
	2024 (Milestone)	10000	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

OUTPUT CHN_D_2.3.7

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.5) Diverse women’s networks, government, public and private sectors share knowledge, tools and promote skills-transfer (through networking, South-South collaboration and innovation partnerships) to advance gender responsive economic policies and practices	Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women’s empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	3	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	5	4
		2024 (Milestone)	5	
		2025 (Target)	1	-

Planned Budget:

\$338.69 K



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$338.69 K



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Expenses:
\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, that have strengthened capacity to exercise their leadership role towards the achievement of gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	5	5
	2024 (Milestone)	5	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of interagency products or services with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment developed and made available (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	6	4
	2024 (Milestone)	3	
	2025 (Target)	0	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: **2023**

Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban areas and among regions, as more people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men. (UNSDCF Outcome 1)

In 2022, a joint study by China's Ministry of Finance, the Development Research Center (DRC) of the State Council, and the World Bank reported that more than 768 million people were lifted out of poverty, with the headcount ratio dropping 8.5% to 0.6% in the period between 2013-2019. 4 China had reached its goal of pulling all 98.99 million rural people out of poverty by 2020. In 2021, the government announced a shift from poverty alleviation to rural revitalization, emphasizing the priorities it places on addressing vulnerabilities faced by the rural population. 5 New data released in 2023 suggests progress toward addressing ongoing disparities in rural areas: "the per capita disposable income of rural residents that had been lifted out of poverty increased by 7.5% year-on-year, and the per capita net income of the population that has escaped poverty grew by 14.3% year-on-year." 6 The government further reports that financial accessibility for micro and small enterprises has been improved; data released in 2023 indicates that, by the end of 2022, "the balance of inclusive loans to MSEs nationwide was RMB 23.8 trillion, a year-on-year increase of 23.8%." 7 In 2023, UN Women China has made significant progress towards the intended outcome results. UN Women has worked to benefit women-owned MSMEs, through capacity development, especially on digital literacy and enhancing their access to financial services and markets. A virtual women MSMEs training hub with eleven online training modules on gender equality and entrepreneurial skills was developed in collaboration with government partners for women MSMEs to learn at their own pace. Over 375,900 people participated in the digital training activities and opportunities for knowledge exchange. In Hunan, through UN Women and IFAD's joint "Hunan Rural Revitalization Demonstration Project", a total of 108,809 rural people, including 49,442 rural women benefited from technical and financial support to their agri-business development, inclusive public services on climate adaptation and disaster risk reduction, and climate-smart infrastructure. To date, the project has directly benefited 153,736 rural people, including

44.8% rural women and 43.5% ethnic minorities. The project has granted approximately USD 95,000 to support 43 women-led start-up businesses. In Qinghai, through the new “Women-led Rural Community Renewable Energy Transition and Governance Project”, members from 7 women-led agricultural cooperations obtained technical training on renewable energy technology, e-commerce and finance, and gender equality. UN Women supported the development of Sanjiangyuan Female Environmentalist Network. One of their pioneers, Bayang, is recognized as one of the 2023 “BBC 100 Women”, to acknowledge her contribution to tackling climate changes. UN Women China supported a multifaceted approach for promoting transformative interventions around the care economy, including strengthening the evidence base for effective interventions, raising public awareness of key issues and possible solutions, and developing partnerships with diverse stakeholders for sustainable, effective action. UN Women China and the International Labour Organization China and Mongolia jointly finalized and published a study *Care Work in China: Who Does Care Work, What is Its Economic Value and How Has it Been Affected by COVID-19?*. The study was conducted to better understand care work and the economy of care in China and to present policy recommendations to strengthen the societal reorganization of care to help shape a more equal and inclusive society. This research provides a strong foundation for evidence-based policy advocacy efforts and programming interventions aimed at addressing unpaid care work. Building on the evidence, UN Women signed a two-year Memorandum of Understanding with the Women’s General Association of Macau (WGAM) in November of 2023. UN Women, as a technical advisory partner to the WGAM, aims to jointly incentivize care economy actors using the “5R” Framework in Macau, with the potential to expand to the Greater Bay Area. The MOU was launched through WeCare Immersive Exhibition that attracted over 40,000 onsite visitors and 60,000 participations online. Building on previous partnerships and results, UN Women and EU kicked off the project *Women in Motion*, aiming to enhance women migrant worker’s decent work and career development in Guangdong, one of the provinces with the largest migrant population in China. Working with ILO, and national partners including China Enterprise Confederation, Guangdong Enterprise Association, China Electronics Standardization Association and China Association of Automobile Manufacturers, the project is expected to benefit 10,000 women in 100 factories/companies in the textile, automobile and ICT sectors. To enhance understanding and inform advocacy efforts, a total of 6 knowledge products were developed under WEE programmes, including online training course “Promoting Gender Equality in Rural Revitalization”; “Providing Innovative and Gender-responsive Digital Support to smallholder farmers In China”; “the Gendered Distribution and Perception of Unpaid Care Work in China”; “Creating a Diverse, Equal and Inclusive Workplace”; training manual; *Care Work in China: Who Does Care Work, What is Its Economic Value and How Has it Been Affected by COVID-19?*; and a Multi-country study on women-led MSMEs, with a focus on microenterprises in China, Indonesia, Thailand, Rwanda and Uganda.