

Country-Level Data for Occupied Palestinian Territory country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-PAL_D_1.1

OUTCOME PAL_D_1.1

XM-DAC-41146-PAL_D_1.1

SN Outcome 1. Palestinians have greater access to economic opportunities that are inclusive, resilient, and sustainable, including decent employment and livelihoods opportunities in an empowered private sector (UNSDCF Outcome 1)

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

Organizational outputs



Positive social norms

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Outcome Description

To contribute to this Outcome, PALCO has planned an intervention that focuses on three intermediate outputs: Output 1.1. More women, including the most vulnerable, have access to decent income opportunities, assets and partnerships across the HDP nexus. Output 1.2. Communities and institutions have improved recognition of women economic role and unpaid care work value, and fairer distribution of unpaid care work load is promoted. Output 1.3. Actors working on economic opportunities have improved capacity to promote gender-responsive services and opportunities, and to shift discriminatory social norms and stereotypes that affect women's equal participation in the economy.

UN Partners

UN WOMEN

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

1/17

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization
Capacity development and technical assistance
Direct support and service delivery
Integrated policy advice and thought leadership
Support functions

UNICEF

WHO

RESOURCES

\$2.10 M

\$0.00

PLANNED BUDGET

Planned Budget

Actual Budget

OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD: 2023-2025

OUTCOME PAL_D_1.1

			B - Baseline	M - Milestones	T - Target
OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT	
SN Outcome 1. Palestinians have greater access to economic opportunities that are inclusive, resilient, and sustainable, including decent employment and livelihoods opportunities in an empowered private sector (UNSDCF Outcome 1)	Percentage of female-headed households g below extreme poverty line.	2021 (Baseline)	20	N/A	
		2023 (Milestone)	20	12	
		2024 (Milestone)	20	-	
		2025 (Target)	18	-	

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women's unemployment rate.	2023 (Baseline)	37	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	37	40
	2024 (Milestone)	37	-
	2025 (Target)	35	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Young women unemployment rate.	2021 (Baseline)	64	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	64	48
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	65	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women underutilization rate, by sex (UNSDCF 1.2.).	2021 (Baseline)	56	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	56	49.6
	2024 (Milestone)	56	-
	2025 (Target)	53	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Employed women average daily earnings (UNSDCF 1.5.)	2023 (Baseline)	106.1	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	106.1	104.9
	2024 (Milestone)	106.1	-
	2025 (Target)	115	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of women that set up their own businesses.	2021 (Baseline)	3.5	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	3.5	4.2
	2024 (Milestone)	3.5	-
	2025 (Target)	3.5	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions putting in places policies and practices to address gender-based discrimination and/or combat gender stereotypes (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	6
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Target)	2	-

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT PAL_D_1.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Output 1.1. More women, including the most vulnerable, have access to decent income	Number of women that have new/improved	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
opportunities, assets and partnerships	access to income opportunities and productive assets.	2023 (Milestone)	5500	330
across the HDP nexus. productive assets.	2024 (Milestone)	8100	-	
Planned Budget: \$2.47 M		2025 (Target)	11200	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$2.47 M

Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	-	16
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT PAL_D_1.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT INDICATOR STATEMENT YEAR **BMTS REPORTED RESULT** Output 1.2. Communities and institutions have 2021 (Baseline) N/A 80 Percentage of men and women that agree improved recognition of women economic that a woman's most important role is to take 2023 (Milestone) role and unpaid care work value, and fairer 80 6 care of the home and cook for the family distribution of unpaid care work load is 2024 (Milestone) 80 promoted. 2025 (Target) 75

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$384.05 K

Planned Budget: \$384.05 K

Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT YEAR BMTS REPORTED RESULT

Number of WROs and CSO's led initiatives implemented to unequal time use awareness, transform stereotypes, gender norms, and behaviors that reproduce unequal care work distribution, with the participation of boys, youth and men.

2021 (Baseline)	O N/A
2023 (Milestone)	2 6
2024 (Milestone)	3 -
2025 (Target)	3 -

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of men and women that agree that married woman should have the same right to work outside the home as her husband.	2021 (Baseline)	52	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	52	85
	2024 (Milestone)	52	-
	2025 (Target)	48	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national partners with capacities to apply Gender Responsive Budgeting tools in the budget cycle (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Target)	1	-

OUTPUT PAL_D_1.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT INDICATOR STATEMENT YEAR BMTS REPORTED RESULT

Output 1.3. Actors working on economic opportunities have improved capacity to promote gender-responsive services and opportunities, and to transform discriminatory social norms and stereotypes that affect women's equal participation in the economy.

Proportion of women in managerial positions.
UNSDCF 1.10

2021 (Baseline)

2021 (Baseline)

6.9 N/A

2023 (Milestone)

6.9 13.7

2024 (Milestone)

6.9
2025 (Target)

9 -

Planned Budget:

\$208.14 K

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$0.00

Shortfall: \$208.14 K

Expenses:

\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of women and men that agree that a woman with the same qualifications can do as good a job as a man.	2021 (Baseline)	81	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	81	66
	2024 (Milestone)	63	-
	2025 (Target)	76	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	16
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Target)	2	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: 2023

SN Outcome 1. Palestinians have greater access to economic opportunities that are inclusive, resilient, and sustainable, including decent employment and livelihoods opportunities in an empowered private sector (UNSDCF Outcome 1)

This outcome on track. Six institutions (3 governmental institutions and 3 private sector companies) put in place policies and practices to address gender-based discrimination and/or combat gender stereotypes. Additionally, 320 women increased their access to economic opportunities, including decent employment and livelihoods opportunities in an empowered private sector as a result of Cash Based Interventions (CBI). The Ministry of National Economy developed a new national economy strategic plan for the years 2024-2029 from a gender perspective with the support of the national gender expert hired by UN Women and as per the Prime Minister's office's guidance. The Ministry of National Economy (MoNE), Ministry of Finance (MoF) and the Palestinian Monetary Authority (PMA) worked on difference policies that address gender stereotypes. A collaborative effort between the governmental partners of the JP, namely MoNE, MoF and PMA, resulted in the development and finalization of a guidance manual for partner services' procedures. This initiative aims to kickstart the implementation process of policies and policy tools established within the stimulus packages of these ministries. It is noteworthy that 12 policy tools were conclusively formulated in coordination with MoNE and MoF during 2022 and 2023, all of which received official approval, accompanied by the formulation of implementation plans. MoNE has originated and facilitated a national business registration process and access of services for businesses led by women, youth, and people with disabilities, to fill an existing gap for women in Palestine through issuing new instructions which were endorsed in September 2023 by the Minister as part of the newly developed policies, and are immediately implemented, this step is expected to increase the percentage of registered business by a minimum of 10% in normal circumstances. As part of its commitment to supporting the platform, 90 women beneficiaries have increased capacities to promote their products from t

continuous technical support by the national gender expert hired by UN Women. MoNE has integrated 300 profiles representing businesses led by women from the West Bank, Jerusalem, and Gaza into the content database of the newly developed electronic service, the E-Soug platform. Business models were developed for three economic sectors: the crafts sector, the food processing, and information technology, through conducting a business model study and guidelines for the principles of women's empowerment by MoNE, to stimulate the private sector to join WEPs and implement the principles, and to enhance the implementation of the corporate law led by MoNE from a gender perspective. Moreover, four WEPs signatories have implemented their GEWE commitments under the overall framework of the WEPs (BoP, Vitas, The Arab Islamic Bank and APIC). Signatories activated the policies that were developed with the support of UN Women related to flexible working hours and work-life balance during the year and especially after the break of the war in Gaza. The JP supported this implementation through providing on-the-job technical guidance and advice on plan and policy development. T hirteen corporate members of the WEPs signatories in Palestine raised their employees' awareness on Sexual Harassment in the Word of Work, through a virtual training conducted by an international expert hired by the UN Women Regional Office through the JP during September 2023, were 14 participants attended this training (9 women and 5 men) from APIC company, PAC, Siniora, NAPCO, Qudra, Oyoun Media, Dar Noora, Nuseibeh & Sons Co, Vitas, Oxford English Centre, Palestine Investment Fund, Alpha International for Research, Polling and Informatics and the Palestine Monetary Authority. Over 100 women business owners, particularly those in micro- and very small enterprises in the West Bank, have acquired comprehensive knowledge regarding the facilities, incentives, and services offered by MoNE, MoF, and PMA, with the technical and financial support of the JP. This knowledge encompasses areas such as procurement, licenses, fees, taxes, and financial services, disseminated through a series of three distinct workshops strategically targeting women from all governorates and cities in the West Bank. The overarching objective of these awareness workshops is to empower women business owners to effectively utilize the services provided, protect their products, and ensure the sustainability of their projects. A group of 43 youth women and men (19 from the WB and 24 from Gaza) have been capacitated by a UN Women hired company through a three day specialized training to develop and implement initiatives and interventions for lobbying and advocacy for the economic rights of women and youth. Six initiatives have been designed with the technical support of the specialized consultancy company, focusing on engaging men and boys in gender equality. The initiatives were designed to improve the recognition of women's economic role, the value of unpaid care work, and fairer distribution of unpaid care work.