

Country-Level Data for Kenya country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-RD_D_1.3

OUTCOME RD_D_1.3 [XM-DAC-41146-RD_D_1.3](#)

Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Kenya at risk of being left behind – particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban settlements – derive benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is resilient, green, and equitable.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Outcome Description

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Integrated policy advice and thought leadership

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$1.68 M

Planned Budget

\$0.00

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : **2023-2026**

OUTCOME RD_D_1.3

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Kenya at risk of being left behind - particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban settlements - derive benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is resilient, green, and equitable.	3.a: Number of women-owned MSMEs accessing gender-responsive procurement at the national and county level	2022 (Baseline)	100	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	100	0
		2024 (Milestone)	100	-
		2025 (Milestone)	100	-
		2026 (Target)	100	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	7	7
	2024 (Milestone)	4	-
	2025 (Milestone)	4	-
	2026 (Target)	4	-

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT RD_D_1.3.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.1 National and county governments and communities have the capacity to mitigate and adapt to climate change, and sustainably manage disaster risks and natural resources. Planned Budget: \$3.53 M	Number of counties reached on awareness and sensitization on promoting women leadership and participation	2014 (Baseline)	30 districts (fomer)	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	700	936
		2024 (Milestone)	700	-
		2025 (Milestone)	800	-
		2026 (Target)	800	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$367.30 K

Shortfall: \$3.16 M

Expenses:
\$609.50 K

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.1.b: CARRY OVER 2.1.2A: Number of women farmers practicing Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) technologies with UN Women support	2022 (Baseline)	600	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	200	2280
	2024 (Milestone)	200	-
	2025 (Milestone)	200	-
	2026 (Target)	200	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of institutions that have increased capacities to design and implement institutional reforms/strategies/policies that promote gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	3	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	3	4
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Milestone)	3	-
	2026 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of inter-agency coordination mechanisms governing the production of multi-level disaggregated gender statistics and sex-disaggregated data, established or strengthened (CO, RO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT RD_D_1.3.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.2. Increased capacities for a) National and county governments, the private sector and UN agencies to advance gender-responsive procurement, b. Women-owned businesses to leverage business opportunities through innovative practices and technologies.	Number of media companies supported with Gender Policy that promotes positive media coverage on women leaders at national and county level	2014 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	25	4
		2024 (Milestone)	25	-
		2025 (Milestone)	25	-
		2026 (Target)	25	-

Planned Budget:
\$960.30 K



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$530.24 K

Shortfall: \$430.06 K



Expenses:
\$576.76 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and county planning documents that integrate gender statistics.	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	30	0
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Sustained production and dissemination of gender statistics is included in the implementation plan of the Statistics Act	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	10	72
	2024 (Milestone)	10	-
	2025 (Milestone)	10	-
	2026 (Target)	10	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Policy recommendation on the % of resources allocated towards gender statistics developed.	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	235	104
	2024 (Milestone)	235	-
	2025 (Milestone)	245	-
	2026 (Target)	245	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners with capacities to integrate gender equality into fiscal laws/policies/standards (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	2	1
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Milestone)	2	-
	2026 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of data producers and users with strengthened capacities in the collection, analysis, dissemination and use of gender statistics (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

OUTPUT RD_D_1.3.4

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
3.3 . Technical capacity of the government and key actors is strengthened to implement unpaid care and domestic work policies and programmes	3.3.a: Policy on unpaid care and domestic work developed by the state department for gender with UN Women support	2022 (Baseline)	No	N/A
		2023 (Milestone)	No	FALSE
		2024 (Milestone)	No	-
		2025 (Milestone)	No	-
		2026 (Target)	Yes	-

Planned Budget:
\$210.00 K

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$0.00

Shortfall: \$210.00 K



Expenses:
\$0.00

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2022 (Baseline)	250	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	100	10
	2024 (Milestone)	50	-
	2025 (Milestone)	50	-
	2026 (Target)	50	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of platforms/web-based databases for dissemination of multi-level disaggregated gender statistics, sex-disaggregated data and knowledge developed (CO)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2023

Outcome 3 By 2026, people in Kenya at risk of being left behind – particularly all women and girls, all children and youth, all people in the ASAL counties and in informal urban settlements – derive benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods with decent work in the sector economies and realise growth that is resilient, green, and equitable.

There was in 2023 progress towards ensuring that all people in Kenya, particularly women and girls, benefit from inclusive, sustainable, diversified and environmentally/climate-sensitive quality livelihoods. All 47 counties developed and adopted County Integrated development Policies (CIDPs) III, which for the first time were gender responsive. UN Women supported Laikipia, West Pokot and Kitui counties in the development of CIDPs III and Annual Development plans (ADP), as well as Climate Smart Agriculture (CSA) policies, which aim to improve rural women farmers’ livelihoods and food security. The plans integrated women-focused and climate-smart interventions in agriculture and social-protection sectors, with budget allocations of KES 52.8 million (USD 344,000) in Kitui county, KES 276 million (USD 1.8 million) in Laikipia and USD 23 million (KES 3.6 billion) and USD 9 million (KES 1.4 billion) for agriculture and gender sectors in West Pokot. To achieve the result, UN Women, with partners Anglican Development Services Eastern, Hand in Hand Eastern Africa and Village Enterprise, conducted sensitization campaigns, advocacy efforts, and built the capacity of county government staff. UN Women also empowered rural women to engage in planning processes and advocate for gender-responsive CSA inclusion. In terms of increased productivity and household-level income, nutrition, and food security for rural farmers there were also great results achieved in 2023. In Kitui, Laikipia and West Pokot 866 rural farmers (F:734, M:132) from 57 beneficiary farmer groups aggregated along 17 enterprises increased their income from USD 17,640 in 2022 to USD 202,174. Women who accessed group credits also increased their savings from USD 55,294 to USD 89,685. This was achieved by UN Women in partnership with FAO by strengthening existing aggregation mechanisms. In addition, capacity-building efforts of 2,665 farmers (2,280 F, 385 M, 666 Y, 232 PWDs) on how to apply climate-smart agriculture (CSA) technologies and practices in their agricultural production activities were carried out and small grants (USD 134,466) to 48 farmer groups were distributed. The rural farmers adopted gender-responsive CSA technologies, including

vertical and sunken kitchen gardens, along with the utilization of locally improved multi-functional brooders for indigenous chicken farming and CSA practices such as kitchen gardening, conservation agriculture and fodder and pasture production, on 1,598 hectares of farmland (714 hectares in 2022). The beneficiary farmer groups influenced community development by organising and leading community activities e.g., tree planting, soil conservation and construction of water harvesting structures that contribute to climate change mitigation and adaptation. Monitoring missions revealed that some non-beneficiaries have adopted CSA practices as a result of the influence of the beneficiaries, and observations show significant difference in crop health of beneficiaries who have adopted CSA technologies vis-à-vis non-beneficiaries that have not adopted them. Beyond financial support, UN Women contributed to achieving these results by strengthening strategic partnerships with key stakeholders, such as the UN, national and county governments, CSOs, and the private sector. UN Women, in coordination with the Council of Governors and National Treasury, actively enhanced awareness and knowledge among women entrepreneurs by simplifying and disseminating the Bidders Handbook, providing AGPO training, and guiding participants on legal frameworks, table banking, and bid-winning strategies with a specific focus on promoting gender-responsive businesses. The achievements highlighted above underscore its overall alignment with UN Women's efforts in Kenya, particularly in the context of the ToC, with a focus on women's economic empowerment. Key lessons learned: - Establishing robust market linkages is crucial for women to make informed decisions regarding production of value chains and fostering engagement of women in agricultural income-generation activities. - Under AGPO, efforts need to address the issue of underquoting by women, PWDs, and youth through advocacy for improvements in the bid-winning process. UN Women will continue its efforts to address issues through partnerships with county governments, private sector and CSOs, monitor progress and incorporate lessons learned in ongoing women's economic empowerment programs.