

# Country-Level Data for Sudan country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-SDN\_D\_2.1

OUTCOME SDN\_D\_2.1 [XM-DAC-41146-SDN\\_D\\_2.1](#)

**Women secure access to productive resources and engage in sustainable resources creation activities in rural, peri-urban, conflict, post-conflict and humanitarian settings.**

## OUTCOME DETAILS

### SDG alignment



### Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

### Organizational outputs



Access to services, goods and resources

### Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

### Humanitarian Scope

No

### UN System Function

### Outcome Description

Since it is the dreadful socio-economic situation that led to the social uprising in December 2018, women have expressed the need of extensive support to fight the growing poverty that affect them the most. Therefore, UN Women in the approach of LNOB has targeted one of the most marginalized regions of Sudan where women suffer a high level of discrimination to support their involvement in the fishery sector where they have been completely excluded and support their economic empowerment and the promotion of their human rights. UN Women interventions with the support of the Italian cooperation will focus on working with women groups to acquire the resources, equipment and needed skills to intervene in the fish value chain, to not only improve their financial situation but also protect their rights. Will participate to this outcome women groups, the Italian cooperation and other potential donors, the Ministries of Agriculture and of Gender.

### UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNFPA

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

RESOURCES

**\$1.92 M**

Planned Budget

**\$0.00**

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : **2022-2024**

OUTCOME SDN\_D\_2.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT

INDICATOR STATEMENT

YEAR

BMTS

REPORTED RESULT

Women secure access to productive resources and engage in sustainable resources creation activities in rural, peri-urban, conflict, post-conflict and humanitarian settings.

Number of countries that incorporate gender equality targets within national investment and financing frameworks (CO)

2010 (Baseline)

Yes

N/A

2022 (Milestone)

Yes

FALSE

2024 (Target)

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INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where there has been an increase in the number of women who access services after experiencing violence or discrimination (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Target)	Yes	

## OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

### OUTPUT SDN\_D\_2.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Improved Women's access to and control of productive resources, markets and financial profits in rural, peri-urban and humanitarian settings.	Number of women with access to appropriate technologies, machinery, fertilizers, improved seeds, pest control, etc. for sustainable a agriculture supported by UN Women	2017 (Baseline)	6000	N/A
		2024 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:

**\$4.21 M**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

**\$1.53 M**

Shortfall: \$2.68 M



Expenses:

**\$975.26 K**



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing inclusive financing and other productive resources to initiate and or expand their businesses	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2024 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing inclusive financing and other productive resources to initiate and/or expand their agribusinesses	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2024 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2020 (Baseline)	400	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	400	574
	2023 (Milestone)	500	228
	2024 (Target)	700	

**OUTPUT SDN\_D\_2.1.3**

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Strengthened capacities for women entrepreneurs to create cooperatives and platforms in agricultural and fishery value chains at state level.	Number of women producer groups and cooperatives created or functional with UN Women's support	2018 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2024 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:  
**\$3.31 M**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$299.11 K**

Shortfall: \$3.01 M



Expenses:

\$172.67 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of big corporations using the Buy from Women Platforms and implementing WEPs in Sudan	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2024 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to deliver and/or monitor the quality of services, resources and goods for women in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2020 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	4	2
	2023 (Milestone)	10	6
	2024 (Target)	5	

## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: **2023**

### **Women secure access to productive resources and engage in sustainable resources creation activities in rural, peri-urban, conflict, post-conflict and humanitarian settings.**

Through UN Women's support, 180 women and young women's farmers (representing four women's agricultural associations from the communities of Kassala and Red Sea) have secured access to agricultural land. UN Women has supported the rent of agricultural lands for 5 years to support women's engagement in planting of crops, vegetables, and fruits. UN Women is also supporting the process of constructing 4 women's agricultural associations, purchasing equipment to support the value chain transformation of the goods women produce, and construction of water collection centers to mitigate the risk of rain scarcity and avail a sustainable source for irrigating women's-collective farms. The above progress UN Women has made, combined with the enhanced capacities of women's farmers in the value chain and entrepreneurship, will do much to maintain women's farmers' engagement in sustainable resource creation. A woman farmer from Gedarif state in Eastern Sudan mentioned that before the distribution of seeds, she was worried about how to secure the money to avail the seeds due to the conflict, the humanitarian crisis the country p is going through, the general inflation of prices, and the imminent rainy season. "When I received the seeds, I felt that my family was secure. Most women farmers engage in subsistence farming to secure basic family needs from the farm and exchange any surplus to meet other basic needs". After the harvest, the women farmers mentioned that the farm yields had increased, and productivity had shown a noticeable increase compared to the previous years.