

Country-Level Data for North Macedonia country

Outcome XM-DAC-41146-MKD_D_1.1

OUTCOME MKD_D_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-MKD_D_1.1](#)

By 2025, people in North Macedonia have universal access to rights-based quality social services – healthcare, education, and necessary social and child protection – rooted in systems resilient to emergencies (UNSDCF Outcome 2)

OUTCOME DETAILS


SDG alignment



Impact areas

 Ending violence against women

Organizational outputs

 Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Outcome Description

Investing in protection services including social protection and community-based services, Greater cross-sector coordination to improve access to basic social services

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$55.44 K

Planned Budget

\$211.58 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



European Commission

\$211,579

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)

\$211,579

OUTCOME MKD_D_1.1

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

| OUTCOME STATEMENT | INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| By 2025, people in North Macedonia have universal access to rights- based quality social services – healthcare, education, and necessary social and child protection - rooted in systems resilient to emergencies (UNSDCF Outcome 2) | MKD_D_1.1A | 2021 (Baseline) | 2 | N/A |
| | Number of laws/bylaws and policies/strategies in line with the Istanbul Convention | 2022 (Milestone) | 3 | 1 |
| | | 2023 (Target) | - | 1 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.4 | (Baseline) | - | N/A |
| Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO) | 2022 (Milestone) | - | 1 |
| | 2023 (Target) | - | 1 |

- Complementary Indicator :

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_01.5 | (Baseline) | - | N/A |
| Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO) | 2022 (Milestone) | - | 1 |
| | 2023 (Target) | - | 0 |

- Complementary Indicator :

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.4.1 | (Baseline) | - | N/A |
| Number of countries where there has been an increase in the number of women who access services after experiencing violence or discrimination (CO) | 2022 (Milestone) | - | FALSE |
| | 2023 (Target) | - | TRUE |

- Complementary Indicator :

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2023

By 2025, people in North Macedonia have universal access to rights- based quality social services – healthcare, education, and necessary social and child protection - rooted in systems resilient to emergencies (UNSDCF Outcome 2)

During the reporting year, the achievement of the outcome was on track. Significant progress was made in that the government harmonized a normative framework towards the improved prevention and effective response to violence against women (VAW) in line with international standards. Five years after the adoption of the National Action Plan (NAP) for the implementation of the Istanbul Convention (2018-2023), in February 2023, the Parliament of North Macedonia adopted amendments to the Criminal Code harmonizing it with the standards of the Istanbul Convention. The Code now defines gender-based violence against women and victims of GBV and criminalizes stalking, female genital mutilation, sexual harassment including in the online space. The definition of rape is now based on consent, and it incriminates rape of a current or previous spouse or intimate partner. The Code also criminalizes the murder of women and girls within GBV (i.e. femicide) and includes economic and psychological violence as types of domestic violence. Additional crimes were amended to foresee stricter penalties if they are committed as a part of, or are consequence, of GBV. UN Women supported the process by participating in technical working meetings, providing expert advice, organizing discussions with civil society organizations, and by supporting an awareness-raising campaign for the public on the Istanbul Convention's provisions and the urgent need to amend the Criminal Code. Based on the progress achieved, the theory of change is still applicable. UN Women will continue to support key national institutions and civil society actors to advance the normative work on improved prevention and effective response to VAW and enhance capacities for implementation of national and international standards on ERAW. Link: <https://eca.unwomen.org/en/stories/news/2023/06/new-amendments-in-north-macedonias-criminal-code-expand-protection-for-various-forms-of-violence-against-women>