

Country-Level Data for Rwanda country Outcome

XM-DAC-41146-RWA_D_3.1

OUTCOME RWA_D_3.1 [XM-DAC-41146-RWA_D_3.1](#)

Communities and other stakeholders are better able to prevent and respond to violence against women and girls and deliver essential services to victims

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment

Impact areas



Ending violence against women

Organizational outputs



Positive social norms



Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Outcome Description

awareness raising , training , access to justice , socioeconomic reintegration

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$783.86 K

Planned Budget

\$154.67 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



Switzerland
\$154,670



MPTF-UN COVID-19 Response \$1

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$154,671

OUTCOME RWA_D_3.1

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Communities and other stakeholders are better able to prevent and respond to violence against women and girls and deliver essential services to victims	RWA_D_3.1A Number of S/GBV victims that seek and receive timely support from response services	2018 (Baseline)	2108	N/A
		2021 (Milestone)	-	11828
		2022 (Milestone)	-	22282
		2023 (Milestone)	100000	22282
		2024 (Target)	100000	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RWA_D_3.1B	2019 (Baseline)	78.2	N/A
Percentage of S/GBV cases reported that lead to convictions	2021 (Milestone)	-	82%
	2022 (Milestone)	-	85
	2023 (Milestone)	90%	85
	2024 (Target)	90	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RWA_D_3.1C	2015 (Baseline)	44	N/A
Percentage of women and girls aged 15-49 years who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence	2021 (Milestone)	-	37%
	2022 (Milestone)	-	37
	2023 (Milestone)	35%	37
	2024 (Target)	35	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
RWA_D_3.1D	2021 (Baseline)	30	N/A
Communities and other stakeholders are better able to prevent and respond to violence against women and girls and deliver essential services to victims	2021 (Milestone)	30	821
	2022 (Milestone)	32	33
	2023 (Milestone)	35	33
	2024 (Target)	35	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_3.1	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual, or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Target)	-	-

- SDG Indicator :
- Common Indicator :
- Complementary Indicator :

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2023

Communities and other stakeholders are better able to prevent and respond to violence against women and girls and deliver essential services to victims

The Government of Rwanda’s commitment to GBV Prevention and response is reflected in various government efforts to increase community and other stakeholders’ understanding of GBV Prevention and response. It is in this framework that UN Women in partnership with different key stakeholders namely Rwanda National Police, Ministry of Gender and Family Promotion, Ministry of Sports, gender monitoring office, and Haguruka and Rwanda Women’s network have contributed to community, youth, media, and local leaders’ engagement toward addressing negative social norms and behavior change. and embrace a positive attitude, timely report or and refer cases of GBV to relevant GBV service providers for proper case management. In addition, with UN Women support, GBV service providers (the multidisciplinary team at IOSCs and investigators, paralegals) have gained the capacity to effectively handle GBV cases as a result GBV victims have benefited from different services including legal aid support, socioeconomic reintegration, psychosocial and protection in the safe shelters. In terms of Leaving No One Behind, mobile GBV clinics are an efficient mean and approach to reach the most vulnerable and marginalized groups including those in remote areas without financial means to afford transport, awareness of their rights and/or available support services as well as women with disabilities. By using 15 mobile clinics, have reached more than 712 rights holders (509 females and 203 males) and helped to increase

accountability among GBV service providers at both national and local levels as well as provide timely response to GBV cases. Furthermore, community-based monitoring and reporting tools were developed by UN Women in collaboration with Rwanda NGOs Forum on HIV/AIDS and Health Promotion to strengthen the capacity of institutions to respond effectively to GBV and HIV/AIDS-related issues with respect to leaving no one behind principle. In terms of building on the use of tools targeting female sex workers and adolescent girls and young women victims of GBV, 20 healthcare providers and peer educators were skilled in screening, referrals, and monitoring the quality of services rendered to girls and women at the community level and by health center facilities. 1451 female sex workers and 76 Adolescent Girls and Young Women benefitted from these services.