

Country-Level Data for Europe & Central Asia RO country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-ECA_D_1.1

Data as of:
10 May 2024

OUTCOME ECA_D_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-ECA_D_1.1](#)

Duty bearers implement and finance evidence-based gender-responsive normative frameworks and policies, including in the context of crisis response and recovery.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Governance and participation in public life



Women, peace and security, humanitarian action and disaster risk reduction

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Financing for gender equality



Gender statistics

Outcome Description

GRB and normative work

UN Partners



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Comprehensive and disaggregated data (discontinued)

Integrated policy advice and thought leadership

RESOURCES

\$1.82 M

Planned Budget

\$5.53 M

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



United States of America
\$22,236



UN Office of Counter-Terrorism
\$36,625



Netherlands NC \$9,947

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$68,807

OUTCOME ECA_D_1.1

B – Baseline

M – Milestones

T – Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Duty bearers implement and finance evidence-based gender-responsive normative frameworks and policies, including in the context of crisis response and recovery.	ECA_D_1.1A	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	Number of countries adopting new policies, NAPs or laws on GEWE in line with international frameworks.	2022 (Milestone)	1	8
		2023 (Milestone)	1	-
		2024 (Milestone)	1	-
		2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1C	2020 (Baseline)	16	N/A
Number of local governments in Western Balkan countries that have policies and practices in place to implement gender-responsive budgeting	2022 (Milestone)	15	65
	2023 (Milestone)	20	-
	2024 (Milestone)	30	-
	2025 (Target)	35	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.6	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Number of legal and policy frameworks that promote gender balance in decision making institutions and processes (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	No	False
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-
• Complementary Indicator :			

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.2.1	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG Indicator 5.c.1: Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations to gender equality and women's empowerment (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
• SDG Indicator :	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.1	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Percentage of gender-specific Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) indicators with available data (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-
• Complementary Indicator :			

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.2	2021 (Baseline)	3	N/A
Number of national plans and strategies that integrate gender statistics as an objective or strategy (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	-	1
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	5	-
	2025 (Target)	6	-
• Complementary Indicator :			

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT ECA_D_1.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Governments have strengthened knowledge, skills and opportunities to plan and monitor gender responsive budgets. Planned Budget: \$2.49 M	ECA_D_1.1.1A	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of countries producing inclusive assessments of gender statistics production, availability and needs	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$1.48 M

Shortfall: \$1.01 M



Expenses:
\$1.10 M



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1.1B	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of countries producing an inclusive national plan to localise gender-related SDGs targets and indicators	2022 (Milestone)	7	10
	2023 (Milestone)	8	-
	2024 (Milestone)	10	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1.1C Number of regional rosters of thematic consultants and experts on gender statistics established with UN Women's support	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.2.a	2021 (Baseline)	6	N/A
Number of partners with capacities to integrate gender equality into fiscal laws/policies/standards (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	10	26
	2023 (Milestone)	20	-
	2024 (Milestone)	30	-
	2025 (Target)	30	-

OUTPUT ECA_D_1.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Governments and development-peace-humanitarian partners have strengthened knowledge and skills to enforce/adopt, implement and finance gender equality normative frameworks in an inclusive manner.	ECA_D_1.1.2A	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of national and regional forums/events (co)organised to support gender data for SDGs localization and monitoring	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:
\$1.00 M



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$3.35 M

Shortfall: \$0.00



Expenses:
\$2.82 M



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1.2B Joint regional work plan to monitor SDG gender-specific indicators developed on an annual basis	2017 (Baseline)	no	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	3
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1.2D	2023 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ) - in links with EU accession acquis	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	100	-
	2025 (Target)	200	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ECA_D_1.1.2E	2023 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of regional and global platforms and processes influenced by an joint position and contribution by UN Women and its partners (including EU accession's aspects)	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	4	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.c	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of tailored knowledge products made available by UN-Women to the Commission on the Status of Women and the Security Council to strengthen the development of gender-responsive intergovernmental outcomes (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.e Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	125
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.f	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
Number of institutions that have increased capacities to design and implement institutional reforms/strategies/policies that promote gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	1	7
	2023 (Milestone)	1	-
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Target)	1	-

OUTPUT ECA_D_1.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Governments, civil society and other key actors have strengthened capacities to plan and produce quality and timely gender data, evidence and knowledge. Planned Budget: \$1.62 M	ECA_D_1.1.3C	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of minimum sets of gender-sensitive indicators framework developed and/or revised with support from UN Women.	2022 (Milestone)	1	1
		2023 (Milestone)	1	-
		2024 (Milestone)	2	-
		2025 (Target)	1	-



Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$384.37 K

Shortfall: \$1.23 M




Expenses:
\$220.56 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.c Number of gender statistics and sex-disaggregated data collection initiatives, including in emerging areas conducted or analyzed (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	6	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	7	1
	2023 (Milestone)	11	-
	2024 (Milestone)	18	-
	2025 (Target)	24	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.6.d	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
Number of platforms/web-based databases for dissemination of multi-level disaggregated gender statistics, sex-disaggregated data and knowledge developed (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	1	0
	2023 (Milestone)	2	-
	2024 (Milestone)	2	-
	2025 (Target)	2	-

OUTPUT ECA_D_1.1.4

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
<p>Key actors have increased capacity to ensure effective integration of gender in response to the Ukraine crisis</p> <p>Planned Budget: \$515.66 K</p> 	SP_D_0.1.h	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	1	-
		2023 (Milestone)	1	-
		2024 (Milestone)	1	-
		2025 (Target)	1	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$936.60 K

Shortfall: \$0.00

Expenses:

\$593.08 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.5.c Number of dialogues, mechanisms, platforms and/or coalitions created and sustained that enable meaningful and safe participation and engagement by gender equality advocates and civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, in decision-making (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	1
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.a Number of thematic interagency mechanisms/teams that effectively address gender mainstreaming in priority areas (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	1
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.c Number of interagency products or services with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment developed and made available (CO, RO, HQ)	2010 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	3
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2022**

Duty bearers implement and finance evidence-based gender-responsive normative frameworks and policies, including in the context of crisis response and recovery.

The outcome was not fully achieved, however significant progress has been made in the implementation and financing of gender response normative frameworks and policies. Key legislative enhancements have been made by ECA countries/territories that have further institutionalized and ensured the sustainability of financing and implementation of governmental gender equality legislation and commitments at national and local levels. In the Western Balkans, governments have adopted two new national policies and laws in 2022 that directly regulate gender mainstreaming in the budgetary processes. In North Macedonia, the new Organic Budget Law includes gender budgeting as part of the budget planning process. The Law includes the definition of key terminology, such as the principle of gender equality, gender responsive budgeting, gender responsive budget statement, and gender indicators and an obligation to report on gender responsive indicators and achieved goals and results. In Kosovo, the government adopted a new Concept Document on Gender Responsive Budgeting (GRB) which represents a critical step in the ongoing process of institutionalization of gender responsive budgeting. In Bosnia and Herzegovina, the government initiated a participatory process to develop the next Gender Action Plan for the period beyond 2022, and at the local level, 65 local governments introduced policies and are implementing gender responsive budgeting. UN Women has provided critical technical support to governments in all countries and territories in the process of policy formulation. Four countries (Albania, Armenia, Serbia and Ukraine) from ECA region are among 19% of the countries that have systems in place to track investments in gender equality (according to data on the implementation of SDG 5c1 indicators received from 69 countries). UN Women provided direct technical support to the Governments of Serbia and Albania in achieving this result. North Macedonia and Kosovo significantly improved the gender responsiveness of their legal frameworks related to budget laws and budget preparation and BiH, Belarus, Georgia, Tajikistan and Moldova invested heavily in capacity building of public administration at the national and local level to integrate gender in the budgetary and policy process. In Albania, budgetary allocation for gender equality

increased from 1% in 2015 (38.4 million USD) to 9% in 2023 (480.9 million USD), while Bosnia and Herzegovina reported an average of 4.54% of its annual budgetary allocations (of selected state and entity line ministries) in 2022. Governments of Armenia and Georgia strengthened their national capacity to design and collect gender related indicators on emerging issues such as measuring unpaid domestic and care work as a result of conducting the first-time use survey . This critical data will enable the country to fill in specific data gaps and start monitoring the progress towards achieving the target 5.4 of SDG 5. In Kazakhstan, the Government has been supported to design and collect data on VAW, one of the commitments undertaken within the framework of gender equality action coalition on gender-based violence. UN Women ECARO has provided methodological guidance and financial support to the National Statistical Office of these countries throughout the whole cycle of data collection and analysis, including strengthening the catalytic partnership and south-south cooperation across countries in the region. There are still remaining challenges that need to be addressed to advance further progress, including increasing political will towards enacting meaningful legal frameworks that promote gender equality in decision-making institutions and processes. UN Women ECARO advocated to member states to consider various forms of temporary special measures that have proved effective, including gender quotas for elected and appointed positions, and provided technical support to UNCTs on advancing TSMs and gender responsive legal frameworks. UN Women will continue to provide technical support to policy makers and experts in governments in the region to further strengthen their legislation and enhance capacity, knowledge and skills on how to implement the data and evidence-driven gender responsive policies and interventions Based on the progress made to date, the original strategy and theory of change for this outcome remain applicable . If, as expected the strategy is successful, more gender-responsive normative policies and frameworks will be in place including strengthened capacities to produce timely and high quality gender data in addition to institutionalized gender responsive budgeting across the region.