## Country-Level Data of Nepal

Data as of: 4 May 2024

## \$3.86 M \$3.54 M \$320.70 K \$3.23 M

Planned Budget **Actual Budget** Shortfall **Expenses** IATI IDENTIFIER **OUTCOME RESULT STATEMENT** PI ANNED ACTUAL BUDGET EXPENSES **BUDGET AND SHORTFALL** \$2,556,176 \$2,109,806 \$1.983.430 XM-DAC-41146-National, provincial and local level authorities NPL\_D\_1.1 implement and develop evidence-based genderresponsive laws, plans and budgets to advance inclusive governance and access to justice in Nepal by 2022 **OUTPUT LEVEL RESULTS** NPL\_D\_1.1.1 Key government officials have increased capacity to \$497,763 \$324,686 \$323,719 formulate/reform gender responsive laws [EVAW], plans [NAP on UNSCR 1325 and subsequent resolutions and Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)], budgets and statistics in line with the Constitution and international standards including CEDAW and **UPR** NPL\_D\_1.1.2 Key duty bearers (including in provincial and district \$1,190,026 \$879,343 \$701,831 courts and select national commissions) have enhanced governance capacity to implement and monitor gender responsive laws, polices, budgets, provision of essential quality services including on EVAW to advance women's human rights and promote inclusive governance and access to justice NPL\_D\_1.1.3 Excluded groups have strengthened leadership \$868,387 \$905,776 \$957,881 capacity, voice and agency to demand accountability and transparency for inclusive governance and access to justice at the federal and local levels advancing the implementation of SDG 5 and 16 across the development and humanitarian continuum XM-DAC-41146-\$670,212 \$580,757 \$418,577 Vulnerable women's groups in Nepal have income NPL\_D\_2.1 generation opportunities and are resilient to climate change and disasters that affect their livelihoods by 2022 **OUTPUT LEVEL RESULTS** NPL\_D\_2.1.1 Planet 50:50 Nepal created by engaging men, \$183,710 \$129,899 \$97,895 interfaith leaders, vulnerable groups and youth

networks by addressing adverse social and

|             | economic norms, structural barriers, and gender based discrimination  |           |           | _         |
|-------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| NPL_D_2.1.2 | Key line ministries and select local governments have increased technical capacity to develop and implement gender responsive macro-economic policies (fiscal and budgetary) and sectoral policies (agriculture, energy, labour, industry and DRR) to advance implementation of SDG 5 and 8 | \$227,185 | \$257,460 | \$131,289 |
| NPL_D_2.1.3 | A substantive equality approach to women's economic empowerment tested and adopted in select target sectors [agriculture, energy] for income generation, improved climate resilient livelihoods to address safe migration with vulnerable women's groups                                    | \$259,317 | \$193,398 | \$189,393 |