

# Country-Level Data for China country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-CHN\_D\_2.1

Data as of: 6 May 2024

#### OUTCOME CHN\_D\_2.1 XM-DAC-41146-CHN\_D\_2.1

(Link to SN Output 1.3) Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban areas and among regions, as more people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men.

#### OUTCOME DETAILS

#### **SDG alignment**



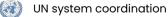
#### Impact areas

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Women's economic empowerment

#### **Organizational outputs**

Access to services, goods and resources



#### **Outcome Description**

Link to SN OUTPUT 1.3 Women in rural areas, including women farmers in target provinces, have enhanced capacities and access to resources for climate-smart livelihood opportunities and entrepreneurship development. (Link to Hunan Output1)

UN Partners				
	FAO			
	ILO			
	UNAIDS			
8 2 1/14	UNDP			

## Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

UNICEF

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## Humanitarian Scope

No

## **UN System Function**

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization Capacity development and technical assistance

Comprehensive and disaggregated data (discontinued)

UN system coordination (discontinued)

## RESOURCES



\$0.00

PLANNED BUDGET



Planned Budget

Actual Budget

# OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : 2021-2025

OUTCOME CHN\_D\_2.1

innovation, entrepreneurship and rural

revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men.

			B - Baseline	M - Milestones	T - Target
OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT	
Link to SN Output 1.3) Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and	SP_D_0.4.3	(Baseline)	-	N/A	
more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban	Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are	2022 (Milestone)	-	True	
areas and among regions, as more people	implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods	2023 (Milestone)	-	-	
in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven	and/resources, including social protection (CO)	2024 (Milestone)	-	-	
and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through		2025 (Target)	-	-	

• Complementary Indicator :

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.7	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of UN entities implementing disaster risk reduction, resilience or recovery	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
initiatives with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment (Desk Review)	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
Complementary Indicator :	2025 (Target)	-	-

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INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.1	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
location (Desk Review)	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
SDG Indicator :	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
Common Indicator :	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.2	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total employment, by sector and sex	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
(Desk Review)	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
SDG Indicator :	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
<ul> <li>Common Indicator :</li> <li>Complementary Indicator :</li> </ul>	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3A	2021 (Baseline)	NO	N/A
SP 3.10.1: Number of new and/or improved gender-responsive policies on land developed and/or being implemented with the support of UN-Women	2021 (Milestone)	NO	NA
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3B	2020 (Baseline)	55622	N/A
SP 3.10.2: Number of rural women supported to gain access, use and/or control of productive resources by UN-Women	2021 (Milestone)	58000	13822
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3C	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SP 3.10.3: Number of countries that use the Buy from Women Platform to connect	2021 (Milestone)	-	-
women farmers to information, markets and/or finance (info might still be collected	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
through RMS)	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

# OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

## OUTPUT CHN\_D\_2.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
(SN Output 1.3) Women in rural areas, including women farmers in target	CHN_D_2.1.1A	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
provinces, have enhanced capacities and access to resources for climate-smart livelihood opportunities and # of corporate leaders and government officials who feel they are more knowledgeable on equal employment in		2021 (Milestone)	58000	69444
	2022 (Milestone)	89444	26824	
entrepreneurship development. (Hunan Output1)	events.	2023 (Milestone)	89444	-
Planned Budget:	2024 (Milestone)	-	-	
\$589.15 K		2025 (Target)	-	-

Actual Budget and Shortfall: **\$434.83 K** 

Shortfall: \$154.32 K

Expenses: **\$276.00 K** 

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
CHN_D_2.1.1B	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
# of corporate leaders and government officials who participate in the online/offline	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
events.	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.d	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	-	26824
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.c	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of interagency products or services with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment developed and made available (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	-	1
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: 2022

(Link to SN Output 1.3) Relative poverty and multi-dimensional poverty are reduced, and more coordinated development leads to reduction in gaps between rural and urban areas and among regions, as more people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men.

In 2022, UN Women China has made significant progress towards the intended outcome results. More people in China, including left-behind groups, benefit from sustainable, innovation-driven and shared high-quality economic development, with enhanced access to economic opportunities arising through innovation, entrepreneurship, and rural revitalization, enjoying decent work, sustainable livelihoods, and the right to develop equally for both women and men. UN Women has continuously promoted gender equal employment, by supporting private sector companies to promote gender responsive policies and practices based on women's empowerment principles (WEPs), mainly through WeEmpowerAsia, a programme supported by and partnered with EU, and 'A place called home-Wecare' a project funded by and in partnership with IKEA China. As of December 2022, 352 companies from the Chinese mainland have committed to promoting women's decent work by signing the WEPs. Among them, 30 have integrated gender into their corporate policies and practices under UN Women's support on implement gender responsive policies and practices in line with Women's Empowerment Principles (WEPs). This benefits over 100,000 employees, including at least 50,000 women. Strategic partnership is developed between UN Women and ILO, China Enterprise Confederation, ICT and Textile industry associations. UN Women has made good efforts to benefit women owned SMEs, through capacity development, especially on digital literacy and enhancing their access to finance and market, through 'Supporting Women to recover from socio-economic impacts of COVID-19' a programme working with All-China Women's Federation (ACWF) and WeEmpowerAsia. Over 550 women-owned SMEs and 6,000 women employees in Wuhan and Tianjin (among the COVID hardest-hit regions in China) directly benefitted from all-round model recovery support schemes including capacity development, training, dedicated

business support and cash grants in 2022. A total of 53 women-owned SMEs increased their income by 70,000 CNY on average. The trainings on gender equality, WEPs, as well as on how to enhance SMEs' access to market, have been provided to 1052 women entrepreneurs from SMEs. In 2022, UN Women and the Ant Foundation launched the Together Digital five-year partnership, with the purpose to support over 30,000 women to establish, maintain and expand their businesses in the digital era. UN Women continues to support rural women economically with enhancing their climate resilience through programme. Partnering with IFAD, Hunan Department of Agriculture and Rural Affairs, and Hunan Women's Federation, we are working to improve the well-being of over 320,000 rural population. A comprehensive gender-disaggregated survey of 1,500 households showed that women's unpaid care burden, less access to information and services, and lack of opportunities to move up along value chain, hindered their economic empowerment. Informed by these findings, genderresponsive interventions are being implemented, including climate-smart irrigation to sustain agriculture and public services to prevent natural disasters. A total of 26,824 rural women are benefited from infrastructure construction and public services. In addition, the office is able to secure new programme in Qinghai focusing on advancing rural women's access to clean energy and strengthening their actions in green rural governance with support from ClimateWorks Foundation. This will help strengthen the implementation of commitments made in Action Coalition on Feminist Action for Climate Justice by engaging with women led CSOs and cooperatives in the context of China's rural revitalization and green transition. UN Women China convenes partners for collective climate actions through policy dialogues and public advocacies. Aligning with CSW 66 theme 'Gender Equality Today for a Sustainable Tomorrow', UN Women and Center for China and Globalization, a leading global think tank, hosted a high-level policy dialogue on Biodiversity and Climate Change from a Gender Perspective on 8 Mar 2022. The dialogue brought over 60 representatives including 3 Chinese ministries, 3 ambassadors, and 4 UN agencies, reaching over 320,000 participants via livestreaming. The dialogue fostered a strategic partnership between UN Women and Chinese Academy of Environmental Planning (CAEP) of Ministry of Ecology and Environment, for joint research to look at China's climate and environmental policies through gender lens. The initial findings were shared on the Gender-just Green Transitions workshop, co-organized by UN Women, UNDP and GIZ on 15 November 2022. Prof. Ge Chazhong, Chief Scientist of CAEP shared current gender gaps and suggested & ldquo; incorporating gender perspectives into the ecological, environmental protection and climate change laws and policies&rdguo;. UN Women leveraged interagency mandate to substantively engage the UN system, specifically UNDP, IFAD, UNFPA and UNEP, for joint advocacy on the importance of gender just climate governance, action, and mitigation. Besides, a UN system wide International Women's Day campaign on the theme of 'With Her A Greener Future' was organized, attracting 24 million views and discussions on social media. UN Women, together with RCO, UNDP, UNICEF, WFP, FAO, IFAD, ESCAP, WHO, UNV, UNHCR, UNFPA, UNIDO, ILO, and World Bank made joint video for public advocacy, with concrete recommendations for fully reflection of women's roles and rights in climate policies, programmes and investments. And three CSOs brought voices from the field through video too, revealing women's great contribution and pressing needs for supports in biodiversity conservation and climate response.