

# Country-Level Data for Nigeria country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-NGA\_D\_2.5

Data as of:  
 16 May 2024

OUTCOME NGA\_D\_2.5 [XM-DAC-41146-NGA\\_D\\_2.5](#)

**Relevant policies and laws (incl. statutory and customary) adopted, to facilitate women's access to land and other productive resources, and effective engagement in agribusiness, by 2022**

## OUTCOME DETAILS

### SDG alignment



### Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment

### Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Access to services, goods and resources

### Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

### Humanitarian Scope

### Outcome Description

Support advocacy efforts and strengthen capacities of stakeholders at national and sub-national levels to review and adopt policies and laws including customary practices to promote women's access to land and other productive resources to enhance their engagement in agribusiness, by 2022

No

**UN System Function**

Capacity development and technical assistance

RESOURCES

\$250.00 K

Planned Budget

\$0.00

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited \$0

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)  
\$0

## OUTCOME NGA\_D\_2.5

B – Baseline

M – Milestones

T – Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Relevant policies and laws (incl. statutory and customary) adopted, to facilitate women's access to land and other productive resources, and effective engagement in agribusiness, by 2022	NGA_D_2.5A	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	Policies, laws and measures adopted and implemented to facilitate women's increased access to land in Nigeria, through UN Women's support	2018 (Milestone)	-	True
		2019 (Milestone)	-	True
		2020 (Milestone)	-	True
		2021 (Milestone)	-	True
		2022 (Target)	Yes	True

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
NGA_D_2.5B  Policies, laws and measures adopted and implemented to facilitate women's improved engagement in agribusiness, through UN Women's support	2017 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	True
	2019 (Milestone)	-	False
	2020 (Milestone)	-	True
	2021 (Milestone)	-	True
	2022 (Target)	Yes	True

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3A	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
SP 3.10.1: Number of new and/or improved gender-responsive policies on land developed and/or being implemented with the support of UN-Women	2018 (Milestone)	2	0
	2019 (Milestone)	-	0
	2021 (Target)	3	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3B	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
SP 3.10.2: Number of rural women supported to gain access, use and/or control of productive resources by UN-Women	2018 (Milestone)	100000	2000
	2019 (Milestone)	-	18900
	2021 (Target)	5000	1200

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_2.3C	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SP 3.10.3: Number of countries that use the Buy from Women Platform to connect women farmers to information, markets and/or finance (info might still be collected through RMS)	2019 (Milestone)	-	-
	2021 (Target)	-	-



## OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

### OUTPUT\_NGA\_D\_2.5.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Access to information and capacity support facilitated for government and legislative institutions to promote women's access and ownership of land, and relevant services and resources for agribusiness  Planned Budget: <b>\$1.06 M</b>	NGA_D_2.5.1A  # of sensitization and capacity building initiatives conducted (including policy dialogues) to promote the development and/or implementation of policies and laws to support women's land tenure rights	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	-	1
		2019 (Milestone)	-	3
		2020 (Milestone)	4	2
		2021 (Milestone)	4	2
		2022 (Target)	10	2

Actual Budget and Shortfall:  
**\$288.61 K**

Shortfall: \$775.69 K

Expenses:  
**\$196.05 K**

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
NGA_D_2.5.1B  # of sensitization, information sharing and capacity building initiatives conducted with government and private sector actors to support the strengthening of institutional support, services and financing of WOABs	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	4
	2019 (Milestone)	-	5
	2020 (Milestone)	5	3
	2021 (Milestone)	3	2
	2022 (Target)	20	4

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
NGA_D_2.5.1C  Number of knowledge products (incl. data and gender analysis of land ownership and use in Nigeria and analysis of existing agribusiness services) generated by UN Women to promote advocacy for women's land rights and advancement in agribusiness	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	-	2
	2019 (Milestone)	-	0
	2020 (Milestone)	2	1
	2021 (Milestone)	2	2
	2022 (Target)	3	2

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
NGA_D_2.5.1D	2017 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of capacity enhancement initiatives including knowledge products developed to support government and legislative institutions to promote women's access and ownership of land, and relevant services and resources for agribusiness with UN Women's support	2021 (Milestone)	2	2
	2022 (Target)	3	1

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_01.h	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Target)	-	1

## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2022**

### **Relevant policies and laws (incl. statutory and customary) adopted, to facilitate women's access to land and other productive resources, and effective engagement in agribusiness, by 2022**

A Gender Action Plan/framework for the implementation of gender responsive agriculture policy of the government of Niger State was produced. The Action Plan was also disseminated in 500 copies, which helped create an enabling environment for women to access land and other productive agricultural resources in the state. In Ebonyi State, a gender analysis of the agriculture policy was conducted with UN Women's support. The Ebonyi State Agriculture Policy recognizes women but fails to demonstrate how women's access to resources will be increased. The policy also fails to address how value chain development fosters sustainable participation of women in agriculture. Following this analysis, a 6-person committee was established mainly to advocate for a policy that guarantees the same rights for women and men in accessing and owning land, as well as in making decisions related to the acquisition, use, and disposal of land. The committee was also charged with advocating for women farmers' access to state-developed irrigated land, post-harvest infrastructure, credit, and extension services. UN Women also supported women's land rights networks. The Committee is expected to give special attention to the overall involvement of women in agriculture and support the advocacy work of women's groups with regards to women's access to productive resources, especially land. Similarly, UN Women also supported the Ebonyi State government to conduct a gender analysis of the Ebonyi State Agriculture Policy. The Ebonyi State Agriculture Policy document recognizes women but fails to demonstrate how women's access to resources will be ensured. The policy also fails to address how value chain development fosters sustainable participation of women in agriculture in the state. Furthermore, the policy did not respond to how the existing gender gaps in agriculture would be addressed considering the specific needs and capabilities of women and men. Overall, the analysis created awareness on existing gender gaps in the agriculture policy for the government of Ebonyi which has now started the process of developing a new and gender responsive agriculture policy