



Country-Level Data for Nepal country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-NPL_D_1.1

OUTCOME NPL_D_1.1

XM-DAC-41146-NPL_D_1.1

National, provincial and local level authorities implement and develop evidencebased gender-responsive laws, plans and budgets to advance inclusive governance and access to justice in Nepal by 2022

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment





Impact areas



Governance and participation in public life

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Financing for gender equality

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

Outcome Description

The outcome will focus on gender responsive laws, plans and budgets, including statistics, to advance inclusive governance and access to justice in Nepal. The work under this outcome will: (a) increase capacity of key government officials to formulate and reform gender responsive laws (EVAW), plans (NAP on UNSCR 1325 and subsequent resolutions and Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)), budgets and statistics in line with the Constitution and international standards, including CEDAW and UPR; (b) enhance governance capacity of key duty bearers to implement and monitor gender responsive laws, polices, budgets, provision of essential quality services, including on EVAW, to advance women's human rights and promote inclusive governance and access to justice; and (c) strengthen leadership capacity, voice, and agency of excluded groups to demand accountability and transparency for inclusive governance and access to justice at the federal and local levels, advancing the implementation of SDG 5

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP

UNFPA

UNICEF

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Integrated Normative Support (in the context of operational activities)

Integrated policy advice and thought leadership

Intergovernmental Normative Support

\$2.56 M

Planned Budget

\$2.11 M

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Regular resources (Core):

WOMEN

UN Women \$239,032

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



Multi-Partner Trust Fund Office wow France NC \$0 \$15,828



UN Development Programme UN AIDS (UNDP) \$134,621



UN AIDS \$20,862



Sweden \$195,505 WOMEN Australia NC \$38,052

Office for the Coordination of MPTF Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) \$117,676

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE) \$1,870,774

OUTCOME NPL_D_1.1

| | | | B - Baseline | M - Milestones | T - Target |
|---|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| OUTCOME STATEMENT | INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT | |
| National, provincial and local level authorities implement and develop evidence-based gender-responsive laws, plans and budgets to advance inclusive governance and access to justice in Nepal by 2022 | NPL_D_1.1A Number of gender responsive laws (EVAW) and national action plans developed and implemented | 2022 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A | |
| | | 2018 (Milestone) | 7 | 3 | |
| | | 2019 (Milestone) | 9 | 2 | |
| | | 2020 (Milestone) | 11 | 3 | |
| | | 2021 (Milestone) | 12 (cumulative) | 0 | |
| | | 2022 (Target) | 12 | 4 | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|-------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1B | 2016 (Baseline) | 26 | N/A |
| Percentage of national budget that is directly gender responsive | 2018 (Milestone) | 37.42 | 39 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 37.42 | 39% |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 37.42 | 38 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 40 | 39.49 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 42 | 40.25 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1C | 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of sub national governments (municipalities) with gender responsive plans and budgets | 2018 (Milestone) | 50 | 0 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 100 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 100 | 11 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 100 | 8 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 100 | 400 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1D | 2017 (Baseline) | 12.5 | N/A |
| Percentage of national government resources devoted to improving gender statistics (as a % of total resources devoted to statistics) | 2018 (Milestone) | 15 | 0 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 15 | - |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 18 | - |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 20 | - |
| | 2022 (Target) | 20 | - |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1E | 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of recommendations from the CEDAW Concluding Observations implemented by the Government of Nepal (for the sixth CEDAW periodic report of the Government of Nepal). | 2018 (Milestone) | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 5 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 5 | 0 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 5 | 4 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 5 | 4 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---------------------|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1F | 2017 (Baseline) | 27 | N/A |
| Rule of Law Index | 2018 (Milestone) | - | 053 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 26 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | 0 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | - | 053 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 25 | 0 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.4 | 2017 (Baseline) | 3 | N/A |
| Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and | 2022 (Target) | 6 | 2 |
| women's empowerment (CO) | | | |

• Complementary Indicator :

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.5 | 2017 (Baseline) | 1 | N/A |
| Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action | 2022 (Target) | 2 | 2 |
| plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO) | | | |

• Complementary Indicator :

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.7 | 2021 (Baseline) | No | N/A |
| Number of adopted National Action Plans on Women, Peace and Security with monitoring | 2022 (Target) | Yes | True |
| indicators (CO) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|-------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.2.3 | 2017 (Baseline) | 37.42 | N/A |
| Percentage of national budget allocated to gender equality and women's | 2022 (Target) | 42 | 40.25 |
| empowerment out of total budget (CO) | | | |

• Complementary Indicator :

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2A | 2018 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| SP 2.5.1a: Number of high-quality national gender equality action plans developed, costed and/or being implemented with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2021 (Target) | 1 | False |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2B | 2018 (Baseline) | 1 | N/A |
| SP 2.5.2: Number of finance ministries with capacities to integrate gender-responsive budgeting (GRB) in public finance management systems with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2021 (Target) | 1 | True |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2C | 2018 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| SP 2.5.3: Number of national AIDS coordinating bodies and/or relevant sectoral ministries that have strengthened capacity to integrate gender-responsive actions into national HIV strategies, with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2021 (Target) | 0 | False |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2D SP 2.5.4a: Number of national women's machineries and women's organizations with capacities to advocate for gender-responsive budgets with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Baseline) | 2 | N/A |
| | 2018 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | True |
| | 2021 (Target) | 2 | True |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2E SP 2.5.4b: Number of national women's machineries and women's organizations with capacities to advocate for gender-responsive budgets with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Baseline) | 2 | N/A |
| | 2018 (Milestone) | 5 | 4 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | 50 |
| | 2021 (Target) | 2 | 19 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_1.2F | 2021 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| SP 2.5.1b: Number of high-quality national gender equality action plans developed, costed and/or being implemented with UN-Women's support | 2018 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | - | False |
| | 2021 (Target) | 1 | False |

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT NPL_D_1.1.1

| OUTCOME STATEMENT | INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS REPORTED RESULT |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Key government officials have increased capacity to formulate/reform gender responsive laws [EVAW], plans [NAP on UNSCR 1325 and subsequent resolutions and Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)], budgets and statistics in line with the Constitution and international standards including CEDAW and UPR Planned Budget: \$3.15 M | NPL_D_1.1.1A | 2016 (Baseline) | 5 N/A |
| | | 2018 (Milestone) | 5 3 |
| | UNSR 1325) drafted in conformity with | 2019 (Milestone) | 2 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 2 5 | |
| | | 2021 (Milestone) | 1 1 |
| | | 2022 (Target) | 1 6 |

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$1.40 M

Shortfall: \$1.75 M

Expenses:

\$1.31 M

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.1B | 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Sectoral GRB analysis made available by the Ministry of Finance with UN Women support | 2018 (Milestone) | 1 | 1 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 1 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 1 | 0 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 1 | 3 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 1 | 8 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|-------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.1C | 2019 (Baseline) | 20 | N/A |
| Number of data producers with strengthened capacities in the collection, | 2021 (Milestone) | 40000 | 0 |
| analysis, dissemination and use of gender statistics, including in improving Tier II and Tier III gender-related SDGs indicators, with UN-Women's support (SP indicator 6.4a) | 2022 (Target) | 40000 | 0 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.d | 2017 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of partners that have increased capacities to promote/influence gender | 2022 (Target) | 2 | 8 |
| responsive legislation (CO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.g | 2017 (Baseline) | No | N/A |
| Number of national AIDS coordinating bodies and/or national multi-sectoral HIV | 2022 (Target) | Yes | True |
| programmes that have strengthened capacity to integrate gender-responsive actions into national HIV strategies (CO) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.2.a | 2022 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of partners with capacities to integrate gender equality into fiscal laws/policies/standards (CO, RO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.2.c | 2017 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of national partners with capacities to apply Gender Responsive Budgeting tools | 2022 (Target) | 3 | 14 |
| in the budget cycle (CO) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.6.f | 2017 (Baseline) | No | N/A |
| Number of countries with national gender equality profiles developed and published | 2022 (Target) | Yes | False |
| with UN Women support and informing national priorities (CO) | | | |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.7.a | 2022 (Baseline) | 5 | N/A |
| Number of thematic interagency mechanisms/teams that effectively address | 2022 (Target) | 5 | 23 |
| gender mainstreaming in priority areas (CO, RO, HQ) | | | |

OUTPUT NPL_D_1.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT

Key duty bearers (including in provincial and NPL_D_1.1.2A district courts and select national commissions) have enhanced governance capacity to implement and monitor gender responsive laws, polices, budgets, provision of responsive laws, polices, budgets and essential quality services including on EVAW to advance women's human rights and promote inclusive governance and access to justice

Planned Budget:

\$4.23 M

INDICATOR STATEMENT

Number of duty bearers with governance capacity to implement and monitor gender provision of essential quality services (including EVAW) with UN Women support, especially at the local level

| YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|------------------|------|-----------------|
| 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| 2018 (Milestone) | 2500 | 1916 |
| 2019 (Milestone) | 5000 | 746 |
| 2020 (Milestone) | 5000 | 3713 |
| 2021 (Milestone) | 3500 | 1149 |
| 2022 (Target) | 0 | 9211 |

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$3.47 M

Shortfall: \$765.61 K

Expenses:

\$3.07 M

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.2B | 2017 (Baseline) | 7.5 | N/A |
| Percentage of Universal Periodic Review recommendations implemented by the Government of Nepal with UN support | 2018 (Milestone) | 10 | 0 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 15 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 20 | 76.3 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 30 | 76.3 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 40 | 76.3 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.2C | 2017 (Baseline) | 1 | N/A |
| Monitoring reports reviewing progress on women's human rights produced by government officials in select national commissions with UN Women support | 2018 (Milestone) | 2 | 1 |
| | 2019 (Milestone) | 2 | 0 |
| | 2020 (Milestone) | 2 | 0 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 2 | 1 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 2 | 0 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.1.e | 2017 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and | 2022 (Target) | 2 | 6 |
| women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.4.d | 2022 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ) | | | |

OUTPUT NPL_D_1.1.3

| OUTCOME STATEMENT | INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| inclusive governance and access to justice at the federal and local levels advancing the implementation of SDG 5 and 16 across the | Number of excluded groups engaged for the advancement of SDG 5 and 16 implementation on inclusive governance and | 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| | | 2018 (Milestone) | 2 | 7 |
| | | 2019 (Milestone) | 2 | 9 |
| | mechanism to promote gender equality and | 2020 (Milestone) | 2 | 13 |
| | social inclusion | 2021 (Milestone) | 2 | 0 |
| \$1.99 M | | 2022 (Target) | 2 | 14 |

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$1.83 M

Shortfall: \$159.45 K



\$1.84 M

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3B | 2020 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of women with access to information from virtual information desks established by UN Women partners | 2020 (Milestone) | 0 | 275 |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | 500 | 6055 |
| | 2022 (Target) | 500 | 41055 |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3C | 2020 (Baseline) | No | N/A |
| Existence of common charter of demands/appeal for gender equality and empowerment of women in the COVID-19 preparedness and response focusing on immediate, short-term and long-term requests that inform policy action across | 2020 (Milestone) | Yes | True |
| | 2021 (Milestone) | Yes | True |
| | 2022 (Target) | Yes | True |
| sectors at national and sub-national level and is monitored on a regular basis | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3D | 2020 (Baseline) | No | N/A |
| Analysis of patterns of change in social norms for gender equality made available using the | 2021 (Milestone) | Yes | False |
| Sense Maker tool in select provinces. | 2022 (Target) | Yes | True |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3E | 2020 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of storytellers skilled to document stories using feminist pedagogy in the select | 2021 (Milestone) | 0 | 0 |
| provinces for public and political advocacy. | 2022 (Target) | 150 | 150 |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3F | 2020 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of knowledge and communication products developed using the stories of | 2021 (Milestone) | 0 | 0 |
| resilience to advance dialogues on social norm change | 2022 (Target) | 4 | 2 |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------|
| NPL_D_1.1.3G | 2020 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of intergenerational dialogues with men and boys, interfaith leaders and | 2021 (Milestone) | 0 | 0 |
| excluded groups on addressing discriminatory social norms and harmful practices as part of Generation Equality. | 2022 (Target) | 4 | 7 |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.3.c | 2017 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of data collection initiatives conducted or supported by UN Women that | 2022 (Target) | 1 | 1 |
| include behaviour and/or social/gender norms dimensions (CO) | | | |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.4.c | 2017 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to deliver and/or | 2022 (Target) | 5 | 30 |
| monitor the quality of services, resources and goods for women in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.4.d | 2022 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through | 2022 (Target) | 1000 | 1447503 |
| UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.4.f | 2018 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of people who have access to justice and the proportion of whom are women (CO, | 2022 (Target) | 300 | 578 |
| HQ) | | | |
| | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.5.c | 2017 (Baseline) | 1 | N/A |
| Number of dialogues, mechanisms, platforms and/or coalitions created and sustained that | 2022 (Target) | 3 | 2 |
| enable meaningful and safe participation and engagement by gender equality advocates and civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, especially women's organizations, in decision-making (CO, RO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.5.d | 2017 (Baseline) | TBD | N/A |
| Number of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's | 2022 (Target) | 4 | 31 |
| empowerment, especially women's organizations, that have strengthened capacity to exercise their leadership role | | | |
| towards the achievement of gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ) | | | |

| INDICATOR STATEMENT | YEAR | BMTS | REPORTED RESULT |
|--|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| SP_D_0.5.e | 2021 (Baseline) | 0 | N/A |
| Number of women and girls, including women and girls living with and/or affected by HIV, | 2022 (Target) | 75 | 98 |
| with increased capacities to participate in public life and exercise leadership (CO, RO, HQ) | | | |

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: 2022

National, provincial and local level authorities implement and develop evidence-based gender-responsive laws, plans and budgets to advance inclusive governance and access to justice in Nepal by 2022

There has been some progress on this outcome. Government authorities are demonstrating stronger commitment to adopt and strengthen gender-responsive laws, plans and strategies. LGUs supported by UNW are also increasingly implementing gender-responsive measures and allocating budget to strengthen the implementation of GESI for their most marginalized constituents. At the national and provincial levels, (i) the Act to Amend Some Laws Related to Sexual Violence (SV), 2022, was passed in July. As a result, the statute of limitation for rape was increased from one year to three years. Ultimately, UNW and CEDAW Committee advocate for the complete removal of the statute of limitation. To reinforce the advocacy for this purpose, UNW, UNFPA and UNICEF provided technical inputs to federal parliamentarians on the imperative of eliminating the statute of limitation for SV cases and aligning it with human rights standards. This was done during a high-level consultation with federal parliamentarians of the Law, Justice and Human Rights Committee, organized by FWLD in July. (ii) The National Action Plan II on UNSCR 1325, 1820 and subsequent resolutions, was endorsed by the Cabinet on 23 September 2022. UNW and seven UN agencies coordinated and led the provision of technical and substantive inputs to the development of NAP II throughout its formulation, which began in 2018. The NAP II is considered a landmark, given the strong focus on survivors of conflict related sexual violence (CRSV), including redress and efforts towards reparations. (iii) Sudurpashchim Province endorsed its "Dalit Empowerment Act, 2078 ", which will create an enabling environment to advance the rights of its most marginalized population groups. UNW and its partner, JuRl Nepal, provided technical inputs to the draft of the Act. (iv) Karnali Province adopted a Gender Equality and Social Inclusion Policy, which aims to guide and institutionalize GESI. This was done through the Provincial and Local Governance Support Programme (PLGSP), where UNW

perspective, with technical support of UN Women. The Plan and Framework will help ensure that women and marginalized people have equal opportunities as leaders and actively participate in emergency and disaster preparation and response processes. (vi) Two provinces endorsed the Code of conduct against Sexual Abuse and Harassment in 2022. This was done through the PLGSP, where UNW provides technical assistance. (vii) The Bill to amend the Transitional Justice Act awaits endorsement from Parliament. UNW and the UN Resident Coordinator's Office supported the engagement of 28 members of Conflict Victims Women's Network (CVWN) to review the bill from a gender lens in June 2022. During the pre-consultation with the Honorable Minister of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs, the CVWN members provided inputs to the government, highlighting the imperative for leadership and empowerment of victims, reparation for longer-term relief programs (medical, livelihood, psychosocial, legal support) for CRSV survivors, their dignity and confidentiality issue, and initiating investigation of past cases. During the event, high level commitment from the Minister to ensure victim-centric approaches in the implementation of the Bill was secured. The revision and adoption of the TJ Act in line with international human rights law obligations and previous Supreme Court verdicts on TJ remain a continuing agenda for advocacy. UNW provided financial and technical inputs for this initiative. (viii) The draft of the Women's Rights Bill is now with the Parliamentary Committee on Women and Social Development and Gender Justice Taskforce. It will address gaps from GESI lens in 42 existing laws related to the implementation of Article 38 of the Constitution on women's rights. In partnership with JuRI Nepal, UNW provided technical and financial support to draft the amendmentl. To strengthen the draft Bill and build ownership of parliamentarians, high-level consultations with the Gender Justice Taskforce and federal Parliamentary Committee on Women and Social Development was also organised. (ix) The draft Gender Equality, Disability and Social Inclusion (GEDSI) Strategy of the National Disaster Risk Reduction Management Authority has been developed and is expected to be finalized and adopted by the government in 2023. It was drafted with technical and substantive inputs from UN Women. In addition, the gender equality architecture and coordination mechanism has been strengthened in 400 LGUs and 55 provincial ministries. This is evidenced by the appointment of GESI focal persons in each of these LGUs and provincial ministries to advance GESI in their work. Also, 320 LGUs completed their GESI audit, which identified gaps in the implementation of GESI commitments. Following this, LGUs developed a plan of action to implement the audit recommendations. Lumbini and Karnali Provinces also conducted a GESI audit of their provincial ministries (6 and 2, respectively) which provided a clear picture of the status, opportunities, good practices and challenges to making their policies, structure and annual plans GESI responsive. UN Women provided technical support to the process. One LGU in Sudurpaschim Province has established a help desk, for improved delivery of disability identity card, social allowance, and information. The province also recruited a person with disability who was part of the training provided by JuRI Nepal in partnership with UN Women, to serve as focal person. Due to strengthened capacity of LGUs, improved provisions and services are now in place for women and marginalized groups. (i) One LGU in Sudurpaschim Province now provides social insurance of NPR 100,000 (approx. USD 758) for each person with mental health condition, along with free medicines and psychosocial help desks in three wards. The enhanced response to mental health was a result of UN Women's lobbying and technical support through its partner, KOSHISH. (ii) Eleven judicial committees (JCs) of 11 LGUs now provide gender responsive justice services, which have reached 277 justice service seekers (F-38; M-239) with cases like domestic violence, divorce, and property rights. This is a result of the legal support, mentoring, and capacity building provided by UN Women and three NGO partners to these JCs. Regarding impacts, women are now able to access better services related to justice and mental health from LGUs to improve their lives. UN Women's work continues to be valued in Nepal, especially by partners, programme participants and government, development = agencies. The contributions of UN Women in the formulation and endorsement of laws, strategies and plans have been particularly appreciated by the government and CSOs involved in the formulation and lobbying processes. The federal parliamentarians of the Law, Justice and Human Rights Committee and the Women and Social Development Committees have verbally recognized UN Women's contributions. The theory of change for this outcome remains valid and no change is envisioned in the new NCO SN. UN Women learned that in the new federal system, its technical, coordination and financial support to all tiers of government is critical. Now, LGUs have a significant role and responsibilities in delivering a range of services to people, compared to the former structure of governance. Thus, the need to strengthen LGU's institutional capacity for service delivery is now inextricably intertwined with support to policy formulation.

Leveraging a larger government-led programme, such as PLGSP, through UN Women's technical support has also been effective in scaling-up UN Women's efforts across all tiers of government. UN Women will therefore continue to invest in building partnerships with such entities.