

Country-Level Data for Türkiye country Outcome XM-DAC-41146-TUR_D_1.2

Data as of:
4 May 2024

OUTCOME TUR_D_1.2 [XM-DAC-41146-TUR_D_1.2](#)

By 2025, Persons under the Law on Foreigners and International Protection are supported towards self-reliance.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Women, peace and security, humanitarian action and disaster risk reduction

Organizational outputs



Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Direct support and service delivery

Outcome Description

-

UN Partners

UNICEF

RESOURCES

\$505.09 K

Planned Budget

\$635.94 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



Norway \$88,381



Japan
\$533,327



Iceland NC \$14,231

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$635,939

OUTCOME TUR_D_1.2

B - Baseline M - Milestones T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
By 2025, Persons under the Law on Foreigners and International Protection are supported towards self-reliance.	SP_D_0.4.3	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	Number of countries where multi-sectoral systems, strategies or programs are implemented to advance women's equal access to and use of services, goods and/resources, including social protection (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	-	True
		2023 (Milestone)	-	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-
		• Complementary Indicator :		

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT TUR_D_1.2.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Women under the Law on Foreigners and International Protection have the knowledge, skills and opportunities to effectively participate in social, economic and public life	TUR_D_1.2.1A # of internal policies reviewed from gender perspective	2014 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2022 (Milestone)	4028	80
		2023 (Milestone)	4278	-
		2024 (Milestone)	4528	-
		2025 (Target)	4778	-

Planned Budget:

\$674.20 K

Actual Budget and Shortfall:

\$698.90 K

Shortfall: \$0.00

Expenses:

\$588.99 K

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TUR_D_1.2.1B	2014 (Baseline)	0	N/A
# of activities organized in cooperation with EOC in support of GE in the current TGNA Strategy are implemented	2022 (Milestone)	6743	290
	2023 (Milestone)	7243	-
	2024 (Milestone)	7743	-
	2025 (Target)	8243	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.c Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to deliver and/or monitor the quality of services, resources and goods for women in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	3
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	4	-
	2025 (Target)	5	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2022**

By 2025, Persons under the Law on Foreigners and International Protection are supported towards self-reliance.

In Gaziantep and Izmir, more than 1,800 women and girls from refugee and host communities who benefited from services provided at UN Women-supported women only centers improved their resilience capacities and reported that they feel more empowered and confident. They took a step towards empowerment and participation in public and economic life by developing their Turkish language, digital and technical skills and by receiving social support and accessing basic services to better cope with the challenges. Baseline and endline surveys in 2021 and 2022 with women who participated in livelihood activities at these two centers demonstrated that overall gender sensitive resilience index score increased by 7%. The number of households with sources of income through employment/self-employment increased from 22% to 38%. Surveys also demonstrated significant increase in access to protection, legal assistance, healthcare as well as empowerment of women in decision making at household level. In 2022, refugees and host communities increased their knowledge and skills to exercise their leadership, support each other and to advocate for their needs with local decision-makers. Peer-to-peer support that involved around 100 women leaders from Gaziantep and Izmir municipalities were the main catalyser of this result. More specifically, the Eve Women Committee in Izmir, Tomorrow's Women Committee and SADA Women's Cooperative in Gaziantep, as grassroots women's organizations and groups, demonstrated their leadership role and agency in strengthening resilience of their communities and developing community-based solutions. As organized peer support groups consisting of Turkish and Syrian women, the Committees in both locations played an important role in identifying and supporting women and girls in hard-to-reach areas. The Committees have been supported by UN Women on various thematic areas such as leadership, gender mainstreaming, and need assessments which have strengthened the capacities of women as community leaders. The committees regularly conduct events on critical topics such as violence against women, child, early and forced marriages, income generation, social protection, and social cohesion. These events aim to provide a platform for women to come together, share their experiences

and learn from one another while also raising awareness on the issues they face. The committees also work closely with local authorities and service providers to ensure that the women and girls they support have access to the necessary resources and support. Additionally, SADA Women Cooperative from Gaziantep adopted a five-year business plan with revised internal procedures of procurement and finance. The shareholders of the Cooperative composed of Turkish, Syrian, and Afghan women, continued to expand their reach to international markets and increased profitability with the support of UN Women. Besides, in five districts of Gaziantep and one district of Istanbul, priority needs (sanitary sewerage, lightning, pedestrian crossing, recreation areas and others) of women from refugee and host communities were became key components of municipal Action Plans. These are results of the effective implementation of ‘Neighbourhood Resilience Programme’. The women involved in the programme become focal points of information and referral for the most marginalized women in their communities, communicated their needs to the local authorities and provided assistance in accessing to services and opportunities. UN Women’s gender sensitive service delivery model applied at two women-only centers and neighbourhoods reaching out to the most excluded and marginalized women that have little or no access to existing services recognized as a best practice for effective and holistic service provision model in previous regional and country level evaluations. To this end, UN Women partnered with Gaziantep Metropolitan Municipality, the Association for Solidarity with Asylum Seekers and Migrants, Refugee Support Center, Reach Alternatives and Foundation for the Support of Women Work and provided oversight, financial and technical support to the partners as well as coordination of the relevant local and national stakeholders. Theory of change is still valid. However, Ukrainian crisis has had a significant impact on resource mobilization for the Refugee Response Programme of Türkiye Country Office, as donor attention and resources have been focused on the conflict and its aftermath. This has led challenges regarding continuation of the Refugee Response Programme which the Country Office paid utmost attention and efforts during the reporting period.