

Country-Level Data for Tanzania country Outcome

XM-DAC-41146-TZA_D_1.4

Data as of:
16 May 2024

OUTCOME TZA_D_1.4 [XM-DAC-41146-TZA_D_1.4](#)

Selected legislation, policies and justice system are gender-responsive and promote women's rights and gender equality

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas



Governance and participation in public life

Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Access to services, goods and resources

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

Outcome Description

More justice institutions are accessible to and deliver for women and girls in Tanzania. This includes support to promoting the ratification and implementation of relevant international standards for gender equality and women's empowerment, repealing discriminatory legislation and tackling social norms that support such legislation. Key partners involved are the University of Dar es Salaam (UDSM) Tanzania Women Judges Association (TAWJA), Ministry of Constitutional and Legal Affairs (MoCLA), and Ministry of Health, Community Development, Gender, Elderly and Children (MoHCDEC).

UN Partners

UNAIDS



UNDP



UNFPA

UNICEF

WHO

UN System Function

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Support functions

RESOURCES

\$494.24 K

Planned Budget

\$147.73 K

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET



ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL



EXPENSES



Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



Multi-Partner Trust Fund Office
\$130,530



European Commission
\$17,202

TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)
\$147,732

OUTCOME TZA_D_1.4

B – Baseline M – Milestones T – Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Selected legislation, policies and justice system are gender-responsive and promote women's rights and gender equality	TZA_D_1.4A	2016 (Baseline)	3	N/A
	FPI Indicator: Indicator 1.1a Number of national legislations, national policies are gender responsive UNDP Indicator 1.1 (b); Citizens have greater access to the justice system and to justice through accessible courts, and improved investigation and related capacities.	2018 (Milestone)	-	True
		2019 (Milestone)	-	True
		2020 (Milestone)	-	True
		2021 (Milestone)	3	True
		2022 (Target)	-	True

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4B	2018 (Baseline)	5	N/A
Dollar amount of resources devoted to the production of gender statistics and as a percentage of total resources devoted to statistics	2018 (Milestone)	-	0
	2019 (Milestone)	-	828757
	2020 (Milestone)	-	800000
	2021 (Milestone)	10	8
	2022 (Target)	Not applicable	8

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4C	2018 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Status of laws or regulations governing the production and/or dissemination of gender statistics/indicators (Including statistics or gender-related law and regulations that specifically mandate the production of gender statistics, including sex-dis aggregated data)	2018 (Milestone)	-	0
	2019 (Milestone)	-	Tanzania Statistics Act of 2015 amended
	2020 (Milestone)	-	The statistics act was amended to allow statistics production other than Government
	2021 (Milestone)	Yes	Yes (The statistics act was amended to allow statistics production other than Government)
	2022 (Target)	-	Yes (The statistics act was amended to allow statistics production other than Government)

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.3	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 5.1.1: Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex (Desk Review)	2022 (Target)	-	-
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SDG Indicator : • Complementary Indicator : • Common Indicator : 			

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.4	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2022 (Target)	-	0

- Complementary Indicator :

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.5	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2022 (Target)	-	0

- Complementary Indicator :

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_1.4A	2016 (Baseline)	120	N/A
SP 2.7.I: Number of personnel of formal and informal justice institutions whose capacities to provide justice to women are strengthened, with UN-Women's support	2018 (Milestone)	-	223
	2019 (Milestone)	-	696
	2020 (Milestone)	-	395
	2021 (Target)	100	202

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_1.4B	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
SP 2.7.2: Number of affirmative action policies developed and/or being implemented, with UN-Women's support, to enhance women's participation in formal and informal justice delivery	2018 (Milestone)	-	1
	2019 (Milestone)	-	3
	2020 (Milestone)	-	3
	2021 (Target)	9	NA




INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_1.4C SP 2.7.3: Number of women accessing legal aid with UN-Women's support	2017 (Baseline)	3000	N/A
	2018 (Milestone)	4000	13063
	2019 (Milestone)	400	84932
	2020 (Milestone)	500	1007
	2021 (Target)	400	547

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_3.2	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence (Desk Review)	2022 (Target)	-	-

- SDG Indicator :
- Common Indicator :

OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

OUTPUT TZA_D_1.4.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Justice policies, legislations and regulations identify and address gaps and barriers to women's access to justice in line with international and regional commitments including the CEDAW recommendations Planned Budget: \$758.68 K  Actual Budget and Shortfall: \$675.77 K Shortfall: \$82.92 K  Expenses: \$729.51 K 	TZA_D_1.4.1A Number of Justice Sector Policies that include gender-sensitive indicators	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	1	1
		2019 (Milestone)	1	1
		2020 (Milestone)	2	1
		2021 (Milestone)	Customary Justice	1
		2022 (Target)	Customary Justice	0
			Recommendations in Place; Action Plan for implementation of recommendations in place; Policy Brief in place	
			Recommendations in Place; Action Plan for implementation of recommendations in place; Policy Brief in place	

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4.1B	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
Status of information products that captures the gender responsiveness of the justice system	2022 (Target)	2	4

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4.1C	2021 (Baseline)	3	N/A
# of initiatives undertaken by government actors, women leaders and CSOs towards the adoption of gender responsive policies and laws including review of gender discriminatory legislations	2022 (Target)	4	9

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.d	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of partners that have increased capacities to promote/influence gender responsive legislation (CO, HQ)	2022 (Target)	-	16

OUTPUT TZA_D_1.4.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Strengthened capacity of justice system and structures and justice sector actors to enforce women's rights legislations, regulations and SOPs to ensure access to justice for women in Zanzibar and Mainland	TZA_D_1.4.2A	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	Number of reform processes initiated to amend and reform gender discriminatory laws	2018 (Milestone)	2	1
		2019 (Milestone)	2	4
		2020 (Milestone)	1	6
		2021 (Milestone)	6	9
		2022 (Target)	1	9

Planned Budget:
\$1.51 M

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$946.62 K

Shortfall: \$558.49 K

Expenses:

\$660.75 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4.2B	2021 (Baseline)	154	N/A
# of women accessing legal aid services	2022 (Target)	154	0

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4.2C	2021 (Baseline)	120	N/A
Number of existing staff who receive training and coaching on women's rights and attest to increased knowledge of relevant legislation and international legal frameworks	2022 (Target)	50	20

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.f	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of people who have access to justice and the proportion of whom are women (CO, HQ)	2022 (Target)	-	0

OUTPUT TZA_D_1.4.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Increased awareness of women's rights among women and communities in compliance with CEDAW recommendations in Zanzibar and Mainland Planned Budget: \$1.30 M	TZA_D_1.4.3A Number of existing staff who receive training and coaching on women's rights and attest to increased knowledge of relevant legislation and international legal frameworks	2016 (Baseline)	120	N/A
		2018 (Milestone)	100	223
		2019 (Milestone)	100	696
		2020 (Milestone)	100	395
		2021 (Milestone)	400	202
		2022 (Target)	100	90

Actual Budget and Shortfall:
\$151.11 K

Shortfall: \$1.14 M



Expenses:

\$122.11 K



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
TZA_D_1.4.3B	2021 (Baseline)	400	N/A
Number of women and girls who attested to increased knowledge on women's rights and access to justice	2022 (Target)	150	25

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.f	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Number of people who have access to justice and the proportion of whom are women (CO, HQ)	2022 (Target)	-	0

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : 2022

Selected legislation, policies and justice system are gender-responsive and promote women's rights and gender equality

UN Women supported to maintain momentum for review of the minimum age of marriage, through continued engagement in various advocacy initiatives at grassroots and national level. The interventions included: Draft consolidated report on regional consultations conducted on the amendment of the Law of marriage Act 1977 was developed. Support to the Ministry of Constitution and Legal Affairs (MoCLA) to conduct regional consultations Dar es Salaam, Lindi, Mtwara, Shinyanga and Mara and Tanga on the amendment of the Law of Marriage Act (LMA). Positive feedback is being received and – wide support from the communities for raising the age of marriage for girls and boys to 18 (and sometimes even higher up to 25 years for girls and 30 years for boys). A final draft report on the assessment of discriminatory laws from a gender perspective in Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar was finalised. The information from the report has fed into ongoing programme designs for the CO including the ‘EU proposal on ‘Ending Violence Against Women & Girls and Advancing Women’s Leadership in the Public Sector in Zanzibar & Tanzania Mainland’, and it has further fed into the finalisation of the Tanzania UNSDCF 2022 – 2027 process (indicator, target setting) at country level. A position paper with a call for action to improve girls’ rights in the country and amend the minimum age of marriage was developed and presented by 223 girls and young women to UN Women Executive Director and the Minister for Community Development, Gender, Women and Special Groups during the commemoration of the International Day of the Girl Child. Action plan for the URT which identifies key strategies to support implementation, and advocacy related to the prioritized areas for reform of discriminatory laws was developed during the reporting period. In 2022, the UN Women Tanzania Office advanced the capacity of women living with disabilities and Organisations of Persons living with Disabilities (OPDs) to participate effectively in national policy processes through participation in the evaluation of National Plan of Action to end Violence Against Women and Children 2017/18 – 2021/22 (NPA/VAWC) and development of its successor plan, as well as the development of 2023 SDGs Voluntary National Report. Strategic issues focused on women with disabilities have been included in the evaluation report of the National Plan of Action to End Violence Against Women and Children 2017/18 – 2021/22 (NPA-VAWC). A working paper and position paper on the inclusion of these issues were developed and presented to the NPA-VAWC Government Evaluation Secretariate by women living

with disabilities and OPDs. Persons with disabilities also made key contributions to the content of the 2023 SDGs Voluntary Rational Report. During a consultation meeting held among women living with disabilities and OPDs, including women led OPDs, they raised the awareness of persons with disabilities on the importance of voicing their needs in national normative reporting processes. The Universal Periodic Review (UPR) process in Tanzania provided crucial opportunities to utilize the UPR recommendations to enhance the implementation of recommendations from other human rights mechanisms. For example, building on the UPR process, UN Women provided technical support to the two gender ministries in Mainland and Zanzibar to ensure that they continued leading the process of developing and finalizing Tanzania's 9th periodic CEDAW report. Since the preparations of the UPR and CEDAW national reports were taking place simultaneously, during discussions with the two Gender Ministries, the CEDAW recommendations were thematically linked to gender related UPR recommendations to ensure consolidated data collection and discussions and to encourage synergies, taking advantage of the UPR mechanism as a key entry point for engagement and advocacy. UN Women, as part of the UN UPR Secretariate (which includes UNFPA, UN Women, UNDP, UNICEF, OHCHR), prepared the gender analysis of the Tanzania UPR recommendations that were presented to the Development Partners Group (DPG-Main) and the separate DPG on Gender Equality (DPG GE) in 2022. Tanzania received 252 UPR recommendations out of which 167 were accepted and enjoy the support of the administration, 20 were partially accepted, and 65 were "noted" (not accepted). 36% of the accepted recommendations had gender specific considerations. A trainer's manual for the Gender Bench Book on women's Rights (GBB) in Tanzania has been developed to roll out the GBB, the manual acts as a guiding tool to trainers for planned gender-sensitive trainings to judicial officers including judges and magistrates and 20 (12 females and 8 males) TOTs trained. A technical working with 45 participants including: TAWJA members, Judiciary, Retired Judges (experts); relevant Government Ministries, Representatives from Institute of Judicial Administration, Representative from Law School of Tanzania, CSO Partners, DPs and UN Women was held to forward looking on how to move the GBB rollout forward in a more sustainable way and a road map was developed. A pre-testing meeting for the trainer's manual was conducted with 25 female participants including Judges of the Court of Appeal, Magistrates and High Court Judges. 20 judicial officers (12 females and 8 males) including judges and resident magistrates have undertaken a TOT (training of trainers) on the trainer's manual for the Gender Bench Book on women's Rights (GBB). Among other topics covered by the training includes GBV and crime handling, Women's and children's international, regional and local human rights laws. The TOTs will roll out the training of Judges and magistrates in Tanzania on the GBB. Gender Analysis in Primary Courts: case study of selected courts in Mara and Rukwa regions has been conducted. 120 GBV/VAW judgements were collected in two regions and the judgements analyzed to understand the trends in adjudication from a gendered perspective in 20 Primary Courts in Sumbawanga Region (Rukwa and Katavi Districts) and Mara Region (Musoma and Serengeti Districts). The study findings will act as baseline study to understand the prevailing situation of GBV cases as revealed in judgments and other decisions in primary courts. Result: In 2022, the Coalition for Women Human Rights Defenders launched its first ever strategic plan and jointly charted the course forward to ensure that women human rights defenders can safely continue to uphold human rights, improve societies, and make the realization of women's rights a reality every day. UN Women in partnership with OHCHR further supported the learning session during the commemoration of International Day of Women Human Rights Defenders Tanzania attended by 126 WHRDs from all regions in Tanzania, under the theme: "Creating a Safer Working Environment for Women Human Rights Defenders in Tanzania". The strategic plan and learning session were used as tools to secure commitment and collaboration from actors including the government to strengthen the protection mechanisms for women human rights defenders and women's rights activists. UN Women contribution included: Coordination and further review of the various report drafts to ensure authenticity. Development of presentation, supporting 6 participants from Tanzania to attend the meeting including one UN Women staff and 5 government officials from strategic Ministries engaged in law review processes. Resource mobilization to get the participants to attend the meeting. Participation in national consultations on the amendment of the law on the age of marriage in Dar es salaam region and technical support for the development of the draft report on community consultations for amendment of the Law of Marriage Act. Delivery of presentations on various topics including recent studies on women with disabilities.