

# Country-Level Data for Côte d'Ivoire country

## Outcome XM-DAC-41146-CIV\_D\_1.1

OUTCOME CIV\_D\_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-CIV\\_D\\_1.1](#)

By 2025, Governance systems are more inclusive, accountable, effective and have quality data and people live in an environment where the rule of law, labour rights, gender equality, peace and security are respected and effective

### OUTCOME DETAILS

#### SDG alignment



#### Impact areas

#### Organizational outputs

#### Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

#### Humanitarian Scope

No

#### UN System Function

#### Outcome Description

This outcome will be achieved mainly through supporting governance systems and monitoring mechanisms in charge of women political participation in Cote d'Ivoire, in order to be more gender responsive, accountable and in line with international human rights standards. In addition, particular attention will be paid to support data collection, enhanced capacities of national stakeholders for enhancing intra and inter community dialogues, support young women in pre electoral periods, and support the feminist movement. This will include high level advocacy and capacity-building, to increase women participation and influence in peace & security.

## RESOURCES

# \$23.50 K

Planned Budget

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



## OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : **2021-2025**

### OUTCOME CIV\_D\_1.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

#### OUTCOME STATEMENT

#### INDICATOR STATEMENT

#### YEAR

#### BMTS

#### REPORTED RESULT

By 2025, Governance systems are more inclusive, accountable, effective and have quality data and people live in an environment where the rule of law, labour rights, gender equality, peace and security are respected and effective

Gender Inequality Index (UNSDCF indicator RE 8.4)

2018 (Baseline)

0,657

N/A

2021 (Milestone)

-

638

2024 (Milestone)

-

-

2025 (Target)

-

-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	5	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	2	1
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of legal and policy frameworks that promote gender balance in decision making institutions and processes (CO)	2022 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of adopted National Action Plans on Women, Peace and Security with monitoring indicators (CO)	2019 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries that incorporate gender equality targets within national investment and financing frameworks (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of national budget allocated to gender equality and women's empowerment out of total budget (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	0.45	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	-	0
	2024 (Milestone)	0.5	
	2025 (Target)	0.5	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Level of influence of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, including women's organizations, in key normative, policy and peace processes (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	2	1
	2023 (Milestone)	3	2
	2024 (Milestone)	4	
	2025 (Target)	5	-



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national plans and strategies that integrate gender statistics as an objective or strategy (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	1	0
	2023 (Milestone)	1	0
	2024 (Milestone)	1	
	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries demonstrating use of gender statistics, analysis, and policy relevant research (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	2
	2023 (Milestone)	3	1
	2024 (Milestone)	3	
	2025 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 2.4.1: Number of gender equality reforms developed and/or being implemented by electoral stakeholders with UN-Women's technical support	2019 (Baseline)	1	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	1	1
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 2.4.2 : Number of women leaders, candidates and aspirants with strengthened capacities to engage in political life, with UN-Women's support	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	-	299
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 2.4.3: Number of gender equality initiatives developed and/or being implemented by parliamentary bodies (Legislative Parliamentary Committees/ Women Caucus/ Speaker of Parliament's Office/Secretariat of the Parliament), with UN-Women's support	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	-	2
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP 2.4.4: Number of initiatives developed and/or being implemented to monitor violence against women in politics, with UN-Women's support	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2021 (Milestone)	-	1
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF: **2023**

### **By 2025, Governance systems are more inclusive, accountable, effective and have quality data and people live in an environment where the rule of law, labour rights, gender equality, peace and security are respected and effective**

During the year 2023, with the support of UN Women, notable progress was recorded by Côte d'Ivoire in establishing inclusive governance systems and creating an institutional environment whose gender sensitivity tends to improve although structural challenges persist. Indeed, the operationalization of Law No. 2019-870 of October 14, 2019 promoting the representation of women in elected Assemblies (Quota law) began during the local elections of September 2023 with an exceptional decision of the Independent Electoral Commission (IEC), whose awareness of gender issues was made effective with the support of UN Women, continuous press conferences of questioning and advocacy of the monitoring committee for the consideration of the gender in electoral processes (MCGEP), supported by the country office, and the mobilization of the main electoral stakeholders on the need for harmonization of the quota law and the electoral code, obtained during a national consultation supported in May 2023 by UN Women in partnership with the National Democratic Institute. The application of this law on the quota allowed Côte d'Ivoire to record for the first time in its history an average rate of more than 30% of representation of women in local elected assemblies: 32.71% in municipal councils (compared to 15.43% in 2018) and 32.40% in regional councils (compared to 12.63% in 2018). Efforts also continued to enable Côte d'Ivoire to continue to maintain its rank as the leading African country in the operationalization of Resolution 1325. The 2nd generation of National Action Plan finalized in 2022 during an inclusive process was introduced for adoption by the Council of Ministers in 2023. The signatures necessary for scheduling this adoption at the table of the Council of Ministers were obtained in 2023 for adoption planned for the 1st quarter of 2024. It should also be noted that the level of influence of civil society organizations supported by UN Women continues to expand. Indeed, the number of processes influenced increased from 1 in 2022 to 2 in 2023. At the request of the Ministry in charge of National Cohesion, the Network of Women Peace Mediators of Côte d'Ivoire (REFEM-CI) managed, through its local awareness raising and various informal meetings, to alleviate the tensions that existed between the populations so that the resumption of local elections took place peacefully in 9 of the 10 localities affected by the protests and the cancellation of the vote, and

the results accepted by the stakeholders. In terms of establishing gender-sensitive strategic documents, support was provided for the development of the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics 2023–2027. In addition, the Ministry of Women, Families and Children has accumulated its capacity to coordinate gender issues, with support from UN Women, with the production of a statistical directory in order to guide the dynamic of strengthening the gender sensitivity of public and private interventions.