

# Country-Level Data for Ethiopia country Outcome

## XM-DAC-41146-ETH\_D\_1.1

OUTCOME ETH\_D\_1.1 [XM-DAC-41146-ETH\\_D\\_1.1](#)

All people in Ethiopia enjoy the rights and capabilities to realize their potential in equality and with dignity.

### OUTCOME DETAILS

#### SDG alignment



#### Impact areas



Women's economic empowerment



Ending violence against women



Women, peace and security, humanitarian action and disaster risk reduction

#### Organizational outputs



Norms, laws, policies and institutions



Financing for gender equality

#### Outcome Description

-

#### UN Partners

UNAIDS




UNDP





UNFPA


UNICEF

WHO

 Positive social norms

 Access to services, goods and resources

 Women's voice, leadership and agency

 UN system coordination

### **Policy Marker**

GENDER EQUALITY

### **Humanitarian Scope**

No

### **UN System Function**

Advocacy, communications and social mobilization

Capacity development and technical assistance

Direct support and service delivery

Intergovernmental Normative Support

Support functions

## RESOURCES

**\$4.41 M**

Planned Budget

**\$3.25 M**

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES



### Funding Partners

Other resources (Non-Core)/ Funding Partners:



Germany  
\$17,825



Denmark \$681,500



Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation  
\$257,000



Austria \$140,077



Norway  
\$176,180



Netherlands (the)  
\$133,997



MPTF-UN COVID-19 Response  
\$72,874



Ireland \$330,033



UN AIDS  
\$53,157



Sweden  
\$564,171



Office for the Coordination of  
Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA)  
\$826,119

**TOTAL OTHER RESOURCES (NON-CORE)**

\$3,252,934

OUTCOME ETH\_D\_1.1

B - Baseline      M - Milestones      T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
All people in Ethiopia enjoy the rights and capabilities to realize their potential in equality and with dignity.	ETH_D_1.1B  (UNSDCF 1.2.5.) Proportion of recommendations of the 8th state report on CEDAW implemented.	2020 (Baseline)	30%	N/A
		2022 (Milestone)	45%	0
		2023 (Milestone)	55%	-
		2024 (Milestone)	65%	-
		2025 (Target)	75%	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.4	2020 (Baseline)	7	N/A
Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	0	0
	2023 (Milestone)	1	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	3	-
• Complementary Indicator :			

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.5	2020 (Baseline)	3	N/A
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
• Complementary Indicator :	2025 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.3.1	2016 (Baseline)	Women (15-49): 63% Men: 28%	N/A
Extent of bias in gender equality attitudes and/or gender social norms among individuals (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
• Complementary Indicator :	2025 (Target)	Women (15-49): 58% Men: 22%	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.3.3	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
Number of countries and/or other actors with comprehensive and coordinated VAW prevention strategy (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	False
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-
• Complementary Indicator :			



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.1	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Number of countries where there has been an increase in the number of women who access services after experiencing violence or discrimination (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	True
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	• Complementary Indicator :	2025 (Target)	Yes

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.5.4	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Level of influence of civil society organizations working on gender equality and women's empowerment, including women's organizations, in key normative, policy and peace processes (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	-	2:03
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.2	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Percentage of UNCTs that conducted the comprehensive UNCT-SWAP Gender Equality Scorecard in the past four years, and met or exceeded requirements for at least 60% of UNCT-SWAP standards (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.15) (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.3	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Percentage of UN Sustainable Development Cooperation Frameworks that have: a) a dedicated gender equality outcome; and/or b) that mainstream gender equality perspectives across Cooperation Framework outcomes (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.16) (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.6	(Baseline)	-	N/A
Percentage of HCT response plans and strategies that demonstrate the integration of gender equality (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_3.2	(Baseline)	-	N/A
SDG 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence (Desk Review)	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

- SDG Indicator :
- Common Indicator :

## OUTPUT INDICATOR AND RESULTS

### OUTPUT ETH\_D\_1.1.1

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
The Government of Ethiopia, the UN system, and development partners have enhanced capacities and strengthened political will to advance gender equality principles and practices in all initiatives relating to expanding women and young women's access to decent work and participation in civic life, and (humanitarian) decision making processes especially marginalised and disadvantaged young women	ETH_D_1.1.1A Percentage increase in the knowledge/skills of trainees in the capacity building training subject matter	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
		2022 (Milestone)	100	120
		2023 (Milestone)	200	-
		2024 (Milestone)	300	-
		2025 (Target)	400	-

Planned Budget:

**\$8.41 M**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

**\$7.09 M**

Shortfall: \$1.32 M



Expenses:

**\$5.21 M**

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ETH_D_1.1.1C	2016 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Transformational Leadership Training Curriculum institutionalised in Amhara Regional State	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ETH_D_1.1.1D	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of women MPs able to integrate gender into parliamentary discussions	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ETH_D_1.1.1E	2016 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of MPs (male and female) that were able to integrate gender in their committee work and legislation	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.e	2020 (Baseline)	4	N/A
Number of partners that have increased capacities to advance gender equality and women's empowerment through national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	4	1
	2023 (Milestone)	5	-
	2024 (Milestone)	7	-
	2025 (Target)	9	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.a	2020 (Baseline)	14	N/A
Number of institutions with strengthened capacities to improve the provision of essential services, goods and/or resources for women (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	6	8
	2023 (Milestone)	9	-
	2024 (Milestone)	11	-
	2025 (Target)	15	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.d	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of women accessing information, goods, resources and/or services through UNW supported platforms and programs in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	8500	15395
	2023 (Milestone)	19358	-
	2024 (Milestone)	16000	-
	2025 (Target)	18100	-

## OUTPUT ETH\_D\_1.1.2

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
National and sub-national governments, the UN system, development partners, and civil society, produce and use evidence, have improved knowledge, capacity and resources as well as political will to develop, adopt, implement, and monitor legislation, policies, strategies, programs and systems to reduce gender inequality and combat VAWG in all its forms, including CRSV and other violence in crisis and conflict affected settings	ETH_D_1.1.2A	2019 (Baseline)	400	N/A
	Number of women leaders engaged in mentoring women leaders at lower level leadership positions	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
		2024 (Milestone)	-	-
		2025 (Target)	-	-

Planned Budget:

**\$2.44 M**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

**\$1.51 M**

Shortfall: \$932.42 K



Expenses:  
**\$1.25 M**



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
ETH_D_1.1.2B	2020 (Baseline)	TBD	N/A
Number of vulnerable women reached with assistance in Amhara and Oromia Region	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.a	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
Number of governments that undertake national review processes in response to global intergovernmental outcomes (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	True
	2023 (Milestone)	No	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Target)	No	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.d	2020 (Baseline)	10	N/A
Number of partners that have increased capacities to promote/influence gender responsive legislation (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	10	7
	2023 (Milestone)	16	-
	2024 (Milestone)	22	-
	2025 (Target)	26	-



INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.f	2020 (Baseline)	16	N/A
Number of institutions that have increased capacities to design and implement institutional reforms/strategies/policies that promote gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	2	0
	2023 (Milestone)	4	-
	2024 (Milestone)	6	-
	2025 (Target)	9	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.g	2021 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Number of national AIDS coordinating bodies and/or national multi-sectoral HIV programmes that have strengthened capacity to integrate gender-responsive actions into national HIV strategies (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	True
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.1.h	2020 (Baseline)	10	N/A
Number of multi-stakeholder dialogue processes to promote engagement of governments with civil society and other partners to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	11	12
	2023 (Milestone)	19	-
	2024 (Milestone)	25	-
	2025 (Target)	30	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.3.b	2020 (Baseline)	5	N/A
Number of community or organizational level UN Women programmes that address behaviour and/or social/gender norms – using evidence/practice-based methodologies (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	2	2
	2023 (Milestone)	3	-
	2024 (Milestone)	3	-
	2025 (Target)	3	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.b	2020 (Baseline)	No	N/A
Number of countries supported to develop and/or implement guidelines, protocols and standard operating procedures to strengthen EAWG services in line with the Essential Services Package (CO)	2022 (Milestone)	-	True
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.4.e	2020 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
Number of countries with multi stakeholder initiatives in place to prevent and respond to sexual violence including sexual harassment in public and/or private spaces (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	1
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2025 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.a	2020 (Baseline)	2	N/A
Number of thematic interagency mechanisms/teams that effectively address gender mainstreaming in priority areas (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	9	5
	2023 (Milestone)	9	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Target)	9	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SP_D_0.7.c	2020 (Baseline)	0	N/A
Number of interagency products or services with a focus on gender equality and women's empowerment developed and made available (CO, RO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	1	3
	2023 (Milestone)	1	-
	2024 (Milestone)	1	-
	2025 (Target)	1	-

### OUTPUT ETH\_D\_1.1.3

OUTCOME STATEMENT	INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
National and subnational governments and civil society, including local women's organisations and networks have capacity to design and implement gender-responsive policy and regulatory frameworks, strategies and tools that ensure equitable, safe, and dignified response and recovery mechanisms to enable women and girls who are affected by conflict, humanitarian crisis and displacement to rebuild their lives in sustainable ways, particularly focusing on those that are marginalised and vulnerable	SP_D_0.4.c	2020 (Baseline)	6	N/A
	Number of women's organizations with increased capacities to deliver and/or monitor the quality of services, resources and goods for women in humanitarian and development settings (CO, HQ)	2022 (Milestone)	3	21
		2023 (Milestone)	4	-
		2024 (Milestone)	6	-
		2025 (Target)	7	-

Planned Budget:

**\$1.32 M**



Actual Budget and Shortfall:

**\$226.15 K**



Shortfall: \$1.09 M



Expenses:

**\$124.55 K**



## STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2022**

### **All people in Ethiopia enjoy the rights and capabilities to realize their potential in equality and with dignity.**

The first outcome the Strategic Note 2021–2025, which is fully aligned to the United Nations Sustainable Cooperation Framework 2020–2025, aims at ensuring women and girls in Ethiopia realize their potential in equality and with dignity. To realize the goal of the outcome, UN Women continued to focus on addressing structural and normative barriers to women’s equality, protection and dignity and women’s and girls’ right to live free of violence, including in those related to violence and displacement, while operating in the enduring conflicts and humanitarian disasters in Ethiopia in 2022. There has been significant progress in developing policies, strategies, programs and systems to reduce gender inequality and combat VAWG in all its forms including conflict related sexual violence and other violence in crisis and conflict affected settings in Ethiopia, supported by UN Women. Therefore, following a year of intense drafting process and a series of consultations, the draft national policy on gender equality and women’s empowerment, which is aligned with the international, regional, and national commitments on GEWE that Ethiopia has entered its final stage and will be submitted for endorsement to the Council of Ministers in 2023. UN Women significantly contributed to the development of the policy as co-chair of the technical committee established to support the policy development process. UN Women support ensured that an inclusivity lens and participatory methodology was followed with government, civil society, women’s rights organizations (WROs), bilateral and multi-lateral partners throughout the process. UN Women facilitated the inclusion of the perspectives of the CSOs, WROs and self-help groups in the policy through organizing policy dialogues and preparation of policy briefs which served as critical inputs for the policy and regional consultations on the draft policy. In addition, multi-sectoral inputs from key sector ministries, UN agencies and development partners have been critical in the policy development process. In addition, UN Women significantly contributed towards advancing gender sensitive legislation. A key milestone in the development of a draft national

policy on prevention and response to GBV has been achieved. This breakthrough policy in Ethiopia is the first step in addressing gaps in the normative and legal frameworks on prevention and response to violence against women and girls. It also responds to the global norms and international commitments that the country made. Furthermore, the policy is a result of UN Women's and civil society years of advocacy, multi-partner coordination and technical support at different levels. UN Women played a key role in the development of the position paper on the need to adopt a comprehensive policy, based on a rapid assessment of GBV related national legislation, initiatives as well as their implementation status. UN Women under the leadership of the Ministry of Women and Social Welfare (MoWSA) has been coordinating the overall development of the policy on prevention and response to GBV and being an integral member of the technical working group (TWG), comprised of key government and non-government actors. UN Women in partnership with civil society advocated for the policy development process to be driven by the inclusivity lense in consultations with government, the House of People's Representatives (HoPR), women rights organizations, intersectional and diverse CSOs, including women with disability association, pastoralist association, community members and private sectors. Moreover, UN Women contributed to the achievement of this outcome through supporting and promoting the establishment and strengthening of national and regional coordination mechanisms to address violence against women and children (VAWC). UN Women rendered the necessary financial and technical support to strengthen the national coordinating body (NCB) on prevention and response to VAWC . While formation of the NCB at federal level is remarkable, the establishment of parallel coordination bodies in Oromia and Somali regions has been a milestone. These coordination mechanisms are vital to ensure effective coordination among relevant stakeholders on the prevention and response of VAWC. In addition, through UN Women's support, the Oromia Region ten-year strategic plan on VAWC which aim to accelerate evidence-based multi-sectoral actions to address VAWC and the five-year national strategy aims to address all forms of VAWC have been finalized. The five-year national strategy also is one of key components of the national policy on prevention and response to GBV. UN Women was also officially recognized by the Ministry of Justice (MoJ) for its support to the Ministry's 2021-2022 plan specially for the support to strengthening the NCB and Crime Registration Management System (CRIMS). Further to this, UN Women continued its collaboration with UNICEF to strengthen the NCB and finalization of the national five years strategy, promoting the 'One UN' approach to complement interventions and deliver as one. The endorsement of both strategies will generate a new momentum around a multisectoral, multistakeholder coordination and action to ending VAWC. In 2022, multi-sectoral humanitarian frameworks , strategies and tools become more gender responsive ensuring equitable, safe, and dignified response and recovery mechanisms to enable women and girls who are affected by conflict, humanitarian crisis and displacement to rebuild their lives in sustainable ways, particularly focusing on those that are marginalized and vulnerable. Therefore, UN Women contributed to mainstreaming gender in the humanitarian response in Ethiopia. As a result, the published 2022 humanitarian response plan (HRP) for Ethiopia demonstrated increased integration of gender equality, specifically on women's and girls' needs in relation to gender-based violence and sexual and reproductive health care services, although fell short on including women's economic empowerment and livelihood support. As a results of increased gender integration in the humanitarian response plan, more female survivors of violence were able to access survivor-centred services critical to their health, protection, and recovery in 2022. UN Women contributed significantly towards the enhanced gender mainstreaming in the HRP, as a result of its leadership role and technical expertise in strongly positioning gender in humanitarian action in the humanitarian programme cycle (HPC) analysis working group through enhancing gender analysis, use of sex- and age disaggregated data and gender-targeted indicators. In 2022, UN Women continued to adhere to the theory of change for this outcome ensuring the cross thematic collaboration across among teams and enhanced coordination role of UN Women across the UN system in the country.