

Country-Level Data for Viet Nam country Outcome

XM-DAC-41146-VNM_D_3.1

OUTCOME VNM_D_3.1 [XM-DAC-41146-VNM_D_3.1](#)

SN Outcome 3 (CF Outcome 4) Governance and Access to Justice By 2026, people in Viet Nam, especially those at risk of being left behind, will have benefited from and have contributed to a more just, safe and inclusive society based on improved governance, more responsive institutions, strengthened rule of law and the protection of and respect for human rights, gender equality, and freedom from all forms of violence and discrimination in line with international standards.

OUTCOME DETAILS

SDG alignment



Impact areas

Organizational outputs

Policy Marker

GENDER EQUALITY

Humanitarian Scope

No

UN System Function

Outcome Description

This outcome will contribute to the SDGs: 5, 10 and 16 and following SP Outcome: SP Outcome 1 Global normative frameworks and gender-responsive laws, policies and institutions. A comprehensive and dynamic set of global norms and standards on gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls is strengthened and translated into gender-responsive laws, policies, and institutions. SP Outcome 3 Positive social norms, including through engaging men and boys: More men and boys and women and girls adopt attitudes, norms and practices that advance gender equality and women's empowerment, including those that promote positive social norms SP Outcome 4 Women's equitable access to services, goods & resources: More women and girls have equitable access to high quality public goods, services, and resources that are responsive to their needs SP Outcome 5 Women's voice, leadership & agency: More women and girls exercise their voice, agency and leadership, including through an enabling en

RESOURCES

Planned Budget

Actual Budget

PLANNED BUDGET

ACTUAL BUDGET AND SHORTFALL

EXPENSES

OUTCOME INDICATOR AND RESULTS

PLAN PERIOD : 2022-2026

OUTCOME VNM_D_3.1

B - Baseline

M - Milestones

T - Target

OUTCOME STATEMENT

INDICATOR STATEMENT

YEAR

BMTS

REPORTED RESULT

SN Outcome 3 (CF Outcome 4) Governance and Access to Justice By 2026, people in Viet Nam, especially those at risk of being left behind, will have benefited from and have contributed to a more just, safe and inclusive society based on improved governance, more responsive institutions, strengthened rule of law and the protection of and respect for human rights, gender equality, and freedom from all forms of violence and discrimination in line with international standards.

SN Outcome indicator 3.1A [CF outcome indicator 4.1]: Rate of female deputies in elected bodies (National Assembly and People's Council) (VSDG5.5.1, VSDG5.5.4)

2021 (Baseline)

30.26%

N/A

2022 (Milestone)

more than 30.2%

30.6

2023 (Milestone)

-

30.26

2024 (Milestone)

-

2025 (Milestone)

-

-

2026 (Target)

-

-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1B [CF outcome indicator 1.13] Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work (VSDG 5.4.1)	2020 (Baseline)	Male 8.9 h/week, Female 18.9h/week (2.1 times as compared with that of male)	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	-	0.45
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	Reduce the average number of hours spent by women in unpaid housework and family care work, as compared to that of men, to 1.7 times by 2025 and 1.4 times by 2030	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1C [CF outcome indicator 4.2] Sex ratio at birth (SRB) (VSDG51/SDG 5.1.1)	2020 (Baseline)	112.1	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	112
	2023 (Milestone)	-	112.1
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	110	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1D [CF outcome indicator 4.3] Proportion of women aged 20–24 years being married or in a union before the age of 18.(VSDG 55/SDG 5.3.1)	2019 (Baseline)	9.10%	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	11.2
	2023 (Milestone)	-	14.6
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	6%	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1E [SP Outcome Indicator SDG 0.1.4]: Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and women's empowerment	2021 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	5	1
	2023 (Milestone)	7	2
	2024 (Milestone)	7	
	2025 (Milestone)	7	-
	2026 (Target)	7	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1F [SP Outcome Indicator SDG 0.1.5]: Number of national and/or local (multi)sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	1
	2023 (Milestone)	-	6
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	2	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SN Outcome indicator 3.1G [CF Outcome indicator 4.12] Percentage of GBV victims seeking assistance from any supporting services (linked with VSDG 16.2.3)	2019 (Baseline)	9.60%	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	9.6
	2023 (Milestone)	-	9.6
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	50%	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT	
SDG 5.1.1: Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex (Desk Review)	2021 (Baseline)	60.0, Area 1: Overarching legal frameworks and public life: 70.9; Area 2: Violence against women: 91.7; Area 3: Employment and economic benefits: 80; Area 4: Marriage and family: 90.9	N/A	
	2022 (Milestone)		-	-
	2023 (Milestone)		-	-
	2024 (Milestone)		-	-
	2025 (Milestone)		-	-
	2026 (Target)		-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of laws that were adopted, revised or repealed to advance gender equality and women's empowerment (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	1	1
	2023 (Milestone)	1	2
	2024 (Milestone)	0	
	2025 (Milestone)	3	-
	2026 (Target)	4	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of national and/or local (multi) sectoral strategies, policies and/or action plans that are adopted with a focus on gender equality (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	2	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	3	1
	2023 (Milestone)	4	1
	2024 (Milestone)	4	
	2025 (Milestone)	5	-
	2026 (Target)	5	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of legal and policy frameworks that promote gender balance in decision making institutions and processes (CO)	2010 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2024 (Milestone)	-	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of adopted National Action Plans on Women, Peace and Security with monitoring indicators (CO)	2023 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	-	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries where there has been an increase in the number of women who access services after experiencing violence or discrimination (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG indicator 5.6.1: Proportion of women aged 15–49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care (Desk Review)	2010 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	0	-
	2023 (Milestone)	0	-
	2024 (Milestone)	0	-
	2025 (Milestone)	0	-
	2026 (Target)	0	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of gender-specific Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) indicators with available data (Desk Review)	2021 (Baseline)	50%	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	75%	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of countries demonstrating use of gender statistics, analysis, and policy relevant research (CO, RO, HQ)	2021 (Baseline)	4	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	6	1
	2023 (Milestone)	7	2
	2024 (Milestone)	9	
	2025 (Milestone)	10	-
	2026 (Target)	11	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of UNCTs meeting/exceeding requirements in preventing and eliminating all forms of violence and discrimination against women and girls through multisectoral and coordinated approaches (derived from QCPR indicator 1.4.22) (Desk Review)	2010 (Baseline)	0	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	1	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Number of UNCTs implementing UN-system commitments and advocacy on women's equal participation in elections and temporary special measures in their support to Member States (CO)	2021 (Baseline)	Yes	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	FALSE
	2023 (Milestone)	Yes	TRUE
	2024 (Milestone)	Yes	
	2025 (Milestone)	Yes	-
	2026 (Target)	Yes	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments, (b) local governments and (c) executive positions/ministers (cabinets) held by women (Desk Review)	2021 (Baseline)	Baseline: National Assembly female Delegates (2021): 30.26% People's Council Deputies (2021): - Provincial level: 29.00% - District level: 29.08% - Commune level: 28.98%	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	more than 30%	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location (Desk Review)	2010 (Baseline)	Male 8.9 h/week Female 18.9h/week, 2.1 times as compared with that of male	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	-
	2023 (Milestone)	-	-
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	1.7	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.2.1: Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual, or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age (Desk Review)	2019 (Baseline)	31.6	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	31.6	-
	2023 (Milestone)	31.6	-
	2024 (Milestone)	31.6	-
	2025 (Milestone)	31.6	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
SDG 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence (Desk Review)	2019 (Baseline)	10.4	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	10.4	-
	2023 (Milestone)	10.4	-
	2024 (Milestone)	10.4	-
	2025 (Milestone)	10.4	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

INDICATOR STATEMENT	YEAR	BMTS	REPORTED RESULT
Percentage of women and girls as direct beneficiaries in coordinated humanitarian responses (Not for unit reporting)	(Baseline)	-	N/A
	2022 (Milestone)	-	0
	2023 (Milestone)	-	49.51
	2024 (Milestone)	-	-
	2025 (Milestone)	-	-
	2026 (Target)	-	-

STRATEGIC NOTE OUTCOME PROGRESS NOTE

SHOWING DATA OF : **2023**

SN Outcome 3 (CF Outcome 4) Governance and Access to Justice By 2026, people in Viet Nam, especially those at risk of being left behind, will have benefited from and have contributed to a more just, safe and inclusive society based on improved governance, more responsive institutions, strengthened rule of law and the protection of and respect for human rights, gender equality, and freedom from all forms of violence and discrimination in line with international standards.

In 2023, UN Women Viet Nam Country Office made a substantial progress on the outcome 4 on improving governance and access to justice for women and girls in Viet Nam, through its technical support and advocacy to government ministries for the development of important legislations and policies including Viet Nam’s first National Action Plan on Women, Peace and Security (NAP-WPS), the Social Insurance Law amendment and the Gender Affirmation Law. These efforts collectively foster a more just, safe, and inclusive society in Vietnam, adhering to international standards of human rights, gender equality, and freedom from violence and discrimination, as outlined in SDG5, SDG8 and SDG16. The accomplishments signify a comprehensive approach that not only safeguards the rights of marginalized individuals but actively involves them in contributing to and benefiting from a transformed societal landscape and to become more resilience in time of crisis. Specifically, the first important undertaking was the development of Viet Nam’s first National Action Plan on Women, Peace, and Security (WPS), submitted to the Prime Minister on December 31, 2023, with the anticipation that the NAP is approved in the first quarter of 2024. This contribution stems from extensive technical support provided by UN Women to the government drafting committee led by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. It includes study visits, policy analysis, stakeholder consultations, and high-level policy advocacy for the development of the NAP WPS. This strategic initiative directly aligns with UN Women Viet Nam’s goal of fostering a conducive environment for gender equality by addressing systemic issues related to

peace and security. Utilizing the four pillars of the WPS Agenda (participation, prevention, protection, relief, and recovery), the NAP aims to fortify state and provincial capacities to implement the WPS Agenda and NAP, as well as coordination, institutional frameworks, and legal mechanisms improvement. Secondly, UN Women, alongside ILO, Thrive and Alive, and Oxfam, successfully advocated for a more gender-responsive Social Insurance Law in Vietnam, submitted to the National Assembly in October 2023, focusing on expanding maternity benefits within the voluntary social insurance scheme, marking a significant milestone. This effort led to the introduction of maternity cash support, a groundbreaking inclusion in the voluntary social insurance scheme through the incorporation of a provision of maternity cash benefit of 2,000,000 VND per woman per delivery. This important amendment is anticipated to receive National Assembly approval in May 2024, benefiting especially women in informal sectors who previously lacked such support during maternity. In collaboration with other UN agencies, UN Women had played the central role in advocating for the development of Vietnam's first Gender Affirmation Law (GAL) in 2023. Drafted by the Ministry of Health in 2022, submitted by NA Deputy to the NA in 2023, the GAL has been included in NA legislation agenda 2024-2025. The GAL addresses legal gender recognition and access to health services related to gender affirmation. The draft law is crucial for protecting the rights of individuals seeking to change their legal gender markers. The GAL is anticipated to be discussed by National Assembly deputies in the 8th session (October 2024) and be approved in the 9th session (May 2025), signaling a meaningful change for trans people in Vietnam. In collaboration with MOLISA, VWU, CWD and local authorities of HCMC, Da Nang, and Dien Bien, UN Women facilitated the adoption and implementation of multi-sectoral coordination strategies and victim center approaches to enhance the quality of and access to essential services for women including women migrant workers subject to gender-based violence. This effort is very important to Viet Nam where two third of women have experienced at least one form of violence and nearly 90% of them have never sought help from a service provider. In conjunction with various stakeholders including UN Agencies such as UNFPA, UNICEF, ILO, UNODC and IOM, UN Women played a significant role in advancing legal frameworks to combat Gender-Based Violence (GBV) in Viet Nam. UN Women contributed to the decree 76/2023/ND-CP that guides the implementation of some articles of the Law on Domestic Violence Prevention and Control 2022. This decree was effective from 1 November 2023 is crucial in providing adequate protection and support for women experiencing domestic violence in Viet Nam. Additionally, UN Women supported the implementation of national strategies such as the National Strategy on Gender Equality 2021-2030, National Programme on Communication about Gender Equality until 2030, National Programme on GBV Prevention and Response 2021-2025, National Programme on Domestic Violence Prevention and Control in the New Contexts until 2025, National Programme on Human Trafficking Prevention and Control, and decisions at the provincial levels of Da Nang and Ho Chi Minh City. These efforts collectively contributed to a strengthened legal framework and a more comprehensive approach to combating GBV in Viet Nam. Additionally, with UN Women technical support, the Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for coordinated services were developed together with GED-MOLISA, Ministry of Public Security, Viet Nam Women's Union with the aim to shift from siloed approaches to more coordinated efforts in dealing with GBV/ domestic and overseas human trafficking cases. The Quito Declaration – the global commitment to accelerate action on safe cities and safe public spaces with and for women and girls were adopted by Da Nang and Ho Chi Minh City's People's Committee along with nearly 60 cities worldwide – showcasing the active engagement of the two intervened location of VCO in the global agenda. Besides, UN Women's role in supporting UN accountability for commitments on GEWE was marked by several achievements. The development of a screening tool for mainstreaming gender equality and women's empowerment in UN Joint Programmes in Viet Nam is a significant milestone. This tool, accompanied by guidelines and training to 20 UN staff ensures the visible integration of GEWE in the UN Joint Programmes, contributing to UNCT's enhanced performance in UNCT-SWAP. With the achievements above, life of selected groups of women and girls in different diversities in Viet Nam especially those in VCO's intervened locations shall have been improved with enhanced social, institutional and legal environment on GEWE, strengthened capacities of state and nonstate actors to facilitate the transformation of social norms, practices and actions towards a society free of gender-based discrimination and violence, and more coordinated UN system's accountability in GEWE. The TOC of this outcome in VCO's strategic note 2022-2026 therefore remains valid and relevant to the country

context. The achievements of UN Women Viet Nam Country Office in 2023 offer crucial lessons for future interventions in gender equality and women's empowerment and emphasize the significance of inclusivity, collaboration, innovation, and international engagement, providing a roadmap for future interventions to achieve tangible and sustainable results in the pursuit of gender equality and women empowerment.